

1800 Limerick Street Alexandria, VA 22314 alexrenew.com Board of Directors
John Hill, Chair
James Beall, Vice Chair
Adriana Caldarelli, Sec'y-Treas
Mark Jinks
Rebecca Hammer

Chief Executive Officer

Justin Carl, PE

General Counsel McGuireWoods, LLP

Tuesday, November 21, 2023 - 6:00 p.m.

Regular Board of Directors Meeting Agenda

In-person: AlexRenew Environmental Center (1800 Limerick St)

Ed Semonian Boardroom, Room 600

Virtual: Microsoft Virtual Events Powered By Teams

Public comments will be received at the meeting. If you wish to speak during public comment, please contact the Board Secretary at (703) 721-3500 ext. 2260 or lorna.huff@alexrenew.com in advance so you can be added to the speakers list. Submission of written statements is encouraged and may be emailed to the Board Secretary.

A recording of the meeting will be posted on <u>alexrenew.com</u> after the meeting.

No.	Item	Presenter	Action
1.	Call to Order (6:00 p.m.)	Chair	
2.	Approval of Agenda (6:02 p.m.)	Chair	Approval
3.	Public Comment Period (6:05 p.m.)	Chair	
4.	Consent Agenda (6:10 p.m.) a. Minutes from October 17, 2023 meeting (Tab 1) b. Review and Approve Amendment No. 1 for Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) Annual Software Licensing Fee (Joint) (Tab 2)	Chair	Approval
5.	Member and Committee Updates (6:15 p.m.) a. Community Meetings (Tab 3) b. Finance & Audit Committee	Chair Mr. Jinks	Information
	 i. Update from November 13, 2023 meeting c. Governance Committee i. Policies: Committees, Financial, Environmental Justice ii. Board Retreat January 5 and 6 	Mr. Beall	
6.	Unfinished Business (6:25 p.m.) a. None	Chair	
7.	New Business (6:25 p.m.) a. Review and Accept Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Tab 4) b. Customer Service Migration Update	Chair Mr. Jinks Mr. Carl	Approval Information
8.	AlexRenew Monthly Outcomes Update (7:00 p.m.) (Tab 5)	Mr. Carl	Information
9.	Closed Session for Discussion of a Personnel Matter (7:15 p.m.)	Chair	
10.	Adjourn (7:30 p.m.)	Chair	

Times shown in parentheses () are approximate start times and serve as guidelines

If you need an interpreter, translator, materials in alternate formats or other accommodations to access this service, activity or program, please call (703) 721-3500 ext. 2260 at least three business days prior to the meeting.

The next Regular Board of Directors meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, December 19, 2023 @ 6:00 p.m.

Minutes of the 911th Meeting "Celebrating Over 60 Years of Continuous Environmental Excellence"

Alexandria Renew Enterprises 6:00 p.m., Tuesday, October 17, 2023

On Tuesday, October 17, 2023, the Alexandria Renew Enterprises Board of Directors held its regular Board of Directors meeting in the Edward Semonian Board Room at 1800 Limerick Street, with the following present:

Members: Mr. John Hill, Chairman

Mr. James Beall, Vice Chairman

Ms. Adriana Caldarelli, Secretary-Treasurer

Mr. Mark Jinks, Member

Ms. Rebecca Hammer, Member

Staff: Mr. Justin Carl, General Manager/Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Lake Akinkugbe, Director of Finance

Mr. Matt Robertson, Director of Communications

Ms. Lorna Huff, Secretary to the Board

Counsel: Ms. Amanda Waters, General Counsel,

McGuireWoods, LLP

Fairfax County

Representative: Mr. Shahram Mohsenin, Chief

Wastewater Division

City Representative: Mr. Lu Zhang,

T&ES/Sanitary Infrastructure Division

Call to Order

The Chairman called the meeting to order at 6:01 p.m.

Approval of Agenda

The Chairman requested that members review and approve the agenda. Ms. Caldarelli moved and Mr. Beall seconded. The Board unanimously approved.

Public Comment Period

There being no members of the public in attendance and wishing to speak, the Chairman closed the public comment period.

Consent Agenda

The Chairman requested that members review the Consent Agenda which contained the Minutes of the September 19 meeting. Mr. Jinks requested that under CEO Monthly Outcomes, Item A., line 1, the word "pre-audit" be added before year-end summarization. There being no additional questions or comments, the Chairman requested a motion to approve the Consent Agenda as amended. Mr. Beall moved and Ms. Caldarelli seconded. The Board unanimously approved.

Member and Committee Updates

Community Meetings

The Chair reported that he attended the Rosemont HOA meeting where AlexRenew staff gave a presentation on the status of the Commonwealth Interceptor project. He also noted that City staff is meeting with the HOA on Wednesday, September 20. He encouraged members to reconnect with their HOA's.

Finance and Audit Committee

Mr. Jinks reported that the Committee of the whole attended the Finance and Audit Committee meeting. The Committee Chair hosted a work session where members discussed affordability and customer assistance program ideas and options. Members reached consensus on a three-step, phased approach. The CEO will review Board provided options and distribute a meeting recap to members.

Governance Committee

The CEO reported that staff is tracking policies with the following to be addressed at a later date: Board Committees, Environmental Justice and Financial. Mr. Beall reported that the Financial Policy will be reviewed after the annual audit.

Mr. Carl reminded members to complete the Board self-assessment and Clifton Strengths. Prior to the January Board Retreat, members will meet with Ms. Sally Magee to review their Clifton Strengths results.

Unfinished Business

There being no items under Unfinished Business, the Chair moved to New Business.

New Business

A. Review and Approve Resolution for RiverRenew Stakeholder Advisory Group (SAG) Reconstitution

Discussion

Since 2016, the Stakeholders Advisory Group (SAG) has provided oversight of the City's Long-term Control Plan (LTCP). A new SAG was formed for the RiverRenew construction plan. Its term expires in February 2024. AlexRenew staff had discussions with current SAG members, the Council-Board workgroup and Deputy City Manager to determine if the group adds value and should be reconstituted. City code allows for three terms or three years. AlexRenew staff and stakeholders decided to reconstitute the SAG under the AlexRenew Board for an additional one-year period to review progress. The action is not unprecedented and AlexRenew staff followed prior guidelines to develop a Resolution. In February 2024, the SAG will reconstitute under the AlexRenew Board with quarterly instead of bi-monthly meetings. Mr. Hill inquired about future vacancies. Mr. Carl reported that new members would not have the program background and current members are still in place. The Chair inquired if members had questions or comments. Mr. Beall noted there was a typo in the Resolution at the word "Therefore". There being no questions or comments, the Chair requested a motion to approve. Mr. Jinks moved and Mr. Beall seconded. The Board unanimously approved.

B. Customer Service Migration Update

Discussion

Mr. Carl recognized Mr. Robertson who provided an update on the customer service migration from GCWW to Enterprise Solutions Consulting (ESC). The go live date is November 1. ESC is an Oracle-based customer care system that specializes in customer service solutions for

smaller utilities. Customers will continue to receive quality service with bill delivery, design, account numbers and call center services remaining unchanged. New customer service features include Auto-pay credit card options, a live chat feature, and extended customer service hours from 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Phase 2 of the rollout will allow customers to provide Opt-in donations. Mr. Jinks inquired about credit card fees. Mr. Robertson reported that credit card fees will be paid by the customer. The new desk top portal provides customer flexibility to use on any device.

Community Outreach began in September and included bill inserts, social media, and bulk customer emails. During the transition, digital and phone payments will be unavailable for 3-6 days during the migration; Auto-pay, paperless, and payment plan information will transfer automatically. The Chair inquired of the number of accounts that are paperless. Mr. Roberts was not aware but would provide that information. Mr. Jinks inquired if the customer service line was staffed by ESC personnel. Mr. Roberts reported that ESC staff works the customer service lines. Members inquired about performance monitoring and metrics, and services for non-English speaking customers. Metrics are built into the contract including dropped call, number of calls per day, answer speed, etc. Mr. Roberts reported that ESC staff has call center reps that speak Spanish, but is not aware of other languages. Mr. Jinks requested that staff could follow up on ESC protocol for handling non English speaking customers. Mr. Zhang inquired if the online chat was staffed by a chatbot. Mr. Roberts reported that a person will be staffing the online chat. The Chair requested weekly email follow up to include performance metrics during the migration.

There were no additional questions or comments, the Chairman recognized Mr. Carl for the CEO Monthly Outcomes Report.

CEO Monthly Outcome Reports

A. CEO Board Report

Mr. Carl reported that the Innovation District Pump Station (IDPS) is being turned over to AlexRenew for operations. Staff is working through land use issues and once those are complete, AlexRenew will assume ownership. The IDPS is designed to accommodate 2 mgd flows and will operate once per week. Flows are expected to increase as development of the area continues. Staff is seeking additional maintenance to oversee the pump station during its start up. Mr. Carl discussed the Four Mile Run Pumping station and its wet weather operations, and the Potomac Yards Pumping Station.

Mr. Carl referenced the paragraph 3 on page 1 noting that staff has issued a request for qualifications (RFQ) for the Solids Upgrade Program using CMAR (Construction Manager At-Risk). An RFQ was issued the prior week along with an information session to gain contractor interest in the Preliminary and Primary Systems Upgrade project.

Table 1.2 on page two of the report has listed all the Job Order Contracts (JOC) that are currently in progress or being negotiated.

Mr. Hill inquired about the Solids Upgrade program and CIP estimates. Mr. Carl reported there is a solids master plan currently underway. There is a short-term improvement plan and long-term improvement plan over 10 to 15 years. Staff is still identifying a permanent solids solution and is waiting to see what happens with PFAS. The Solids program is meant to make AlexRenew more reliable and move away from pre-pasteurization which is no longer supported.

Mr. Jinks referred to Table 2.1 and had questions with regard to Finance. Mr. Carl reported that staff is working to streamline and improve how finance is shown in the Report. Table 2.1 has been updated to show the total budget, how much has been expended to date, and the percentage of

Board of Directors Page **4** of **4** 10/17/2023

the budget.

Mr. Jinks inquired about AlexRenew's accrual process and debt service. Mr. Akinkugbe discussed the accrual process noting that revenue and expenses are recognized in the Fiscal year they are actually incurred. Currently debt service is driven by delays with the RiverRenew project. The budget was compiled in early 2022, staff anticipated the project would be further along from a capital spending perspective. As spending has decreased, so has the amount of debt that AlexRenew incurs. Staff anticipates that this trend will catch up and this is a timing issue. Mr. Jinks noted that staff has projected \$16.5 million for debt service and inquired on staff projections. Mr. Akinkugbe reported that AlexRenew is expected to be under budget.

Mr. Jinks requested that staff inform the Board on how much under budget prior to the January time frame. Mr. Carl reported on other factors including receipt of the \$90 million ARPA grant which staff has begun to draw on, and reduced contractor payment applications resulting from the delays. Staff will include annual financial projections in the CEO report going forward.

On September 26, staff contacted Senators Stewart and Surovell, Delegates Bulova, and Bennett-Parker, and Secretary Voyles. Staff is working through the process to get a contingent together to extend the RiverRenew deadline to July 1, 2026 or alternatively, let DEQ make the determination.

Mr. Carl referenced the RiverRenew Dashboard and provided updates for work at the plant, the Jamieson Street closure, Duke Street, and Ford's Landing. The waterfront tunnel is currently under the river. Tunneling has moved from clay into sand with Hazel having drilled 90 feet recently. Mr. Beall inquired if winter weather would have any effect on the tunneling. Mr. Carl reported there should be no effect on the tunneling. Mr. Carl reported on the September listening sessions and Council-Board Workgroup and SAG meetings in October. Staff is also planning the tunnel completion ceremony around Outfall 001 for a February or March time frame.

On October 20, AlexRenew will be supporting the Alex Forum with Ms. Isabella Evangelista discussing the way finding signage that staff has been working on with McArthur Myers and the City. Lastly, Mr. Carl distributed the draft of the 2023 Annual Report noting it follows strategic outcomes from previous years and includes project updates, awards and funding. The Report will be printed once staff receives Board feedback. Ms. Caldarelli inquired about the tag lines. Mr. Carl reported that the tag line for the Annual Report changes yearly. Mr. Beall suggested that staff put a note identifying the pictures throughout the Report.

There being no additional business, the Chairman requested a motion to adjourn. Ms. Caldarelli moved and Mr. Beall seconded. The Board unanimously approved. The meeting adjourned at 7:05 p.m.

APPROVED:	
	Secretary-Treasurer



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MEMORANDUM

TO: AlexRenew Board of Directors

FROM: Justin Carl, CEO

DATE: November 14, 2023

SUBJECT: Action Item, Joint Use – Consent Agenda – Review and Approve Amendment No. 1 to

Contract 22-001 Computerized Maintenance Management System Annual Software

Licensing Fee

Issue

AlexRenew is implementing a new Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) to manage and track preventative and corrective maintenance on AlexRenew's assets. Approval of the software licensing fee is necessary to continue implementation of the CMMS.

Recommendation

Staff respectfully requests the Board authorize the CEO to execute Amendment No. 1 to Contract 22-001 with MentorAPM, LLC for annual software licensing fees associated with the CMMS.

Budget and Funding

The cost of the CMMS annual software licensing fee is \$170,000 and included in the FY2024 Capital budget and 10-year Operating budget with an annual inflation rate of two (2) percent.

Discussion

Following a competitive negotiation process as defined and authorized by Virginia Public Procurement Act § 2.2-4302.2, MentorAPM, LLC was selected as the firm to modernize AlexRenew's CMMS in November 2022 under Contract 22-001. Work on process mapping, asset inventory, and system criticality has been progressing over the last year. Approval of the software licensing fee is necessary to continue implementation of the CMMS and proceed to the next phase of work. The software license is valid for an initial period of five (5) years, with five (5) optional one (1) year renewals, for a total of up to 10 years.

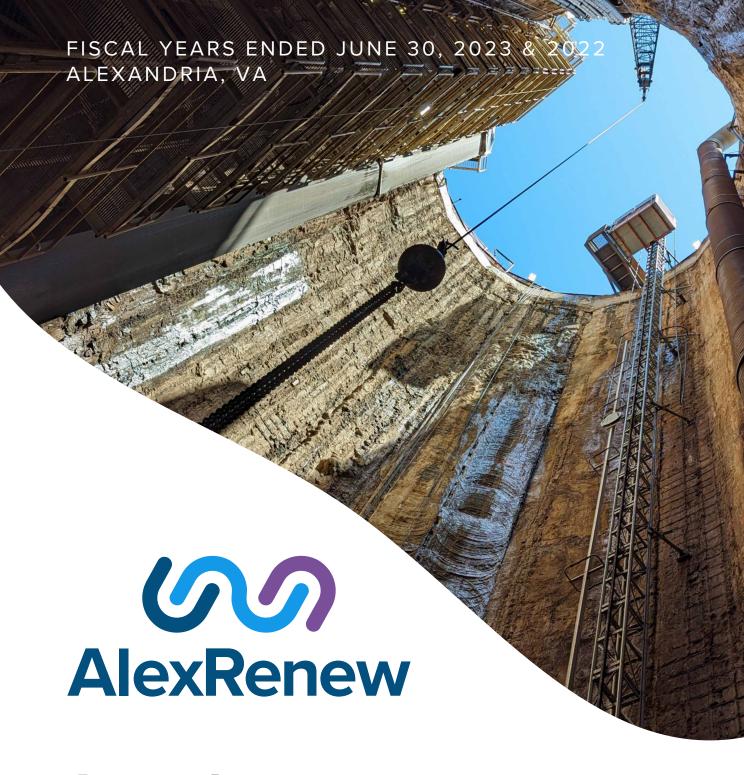
Congruence with AlexRenew Strategic Plan

This action enables our strategy of Operational Excellence.

ACTION TAKEN			
Approved:	 _		
Disapproved:	 _		
Approved with Modification:	 _		
Modification(s):			

AlexRenew Board of Directors **Alexandria Homeowners and Civic Associations Matrix**Updated June 26, 2023

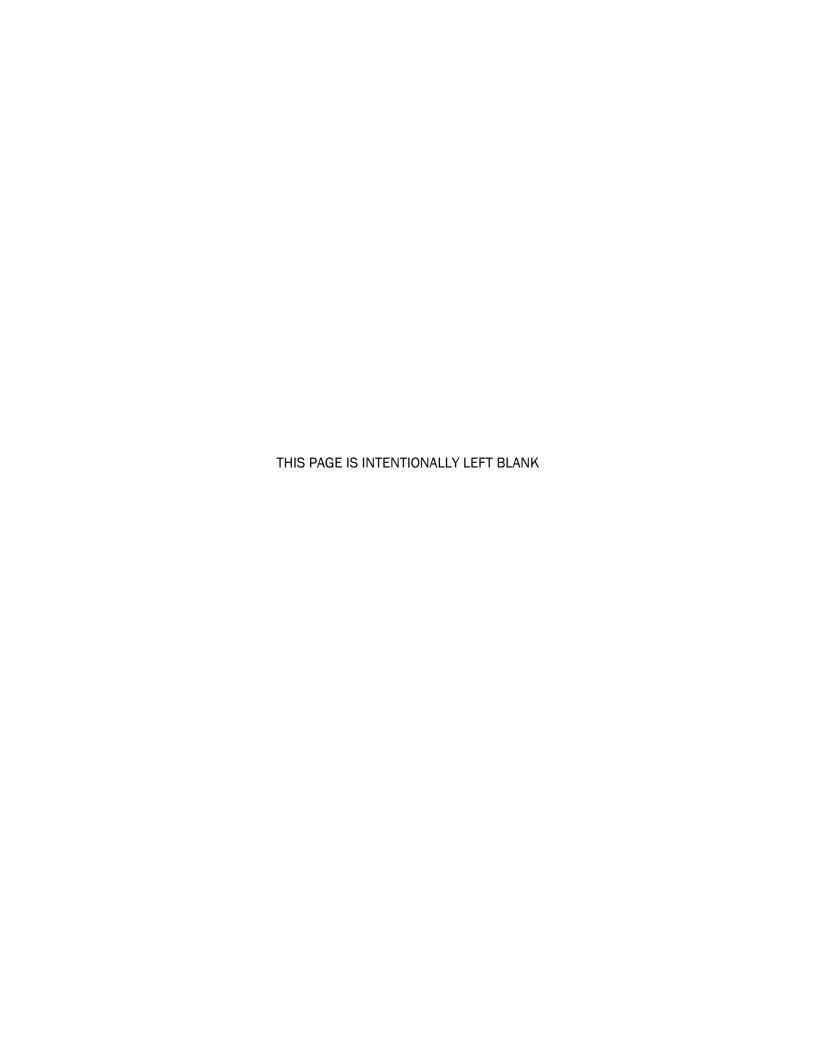
НОА	Contact	Meeting Info	Board Contact
Alexandria Federation of Civic Associations	Carter Flemming, Chair carterflemming@gmail.com	Last Wednesday of the month7:00 PMHybrid	Rebecca Hammer
Del Ray Citizens Association	Tim Laderach president@delraycitizen.net	Second Wednesday of the month7:00 PMMeeting locations vary	Jim Beall
North Old Town Independent Citizens Civic Association	Mace Carpenter, President notice.communications@gmail.com	Meet three times a year	Adrianna Caldarelli
Old Town Civic Association	Steve Milone, President stevemilone@yahoo.com or president@theoldtowncivicassociation.org	Second Wednesday of the month7:00 PMThe Lyceum	Mark Jinks
Rosemont Citizens Association (including PELT)	Jol Silversmith, President info@rosemontcitizensassoc.org or jol@thirdamendment.com	None scheduled	John Hill



Annual
Comprehensive
Financial Report

ALEXANDRIA, VA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 and 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department



ALEXRENEW ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

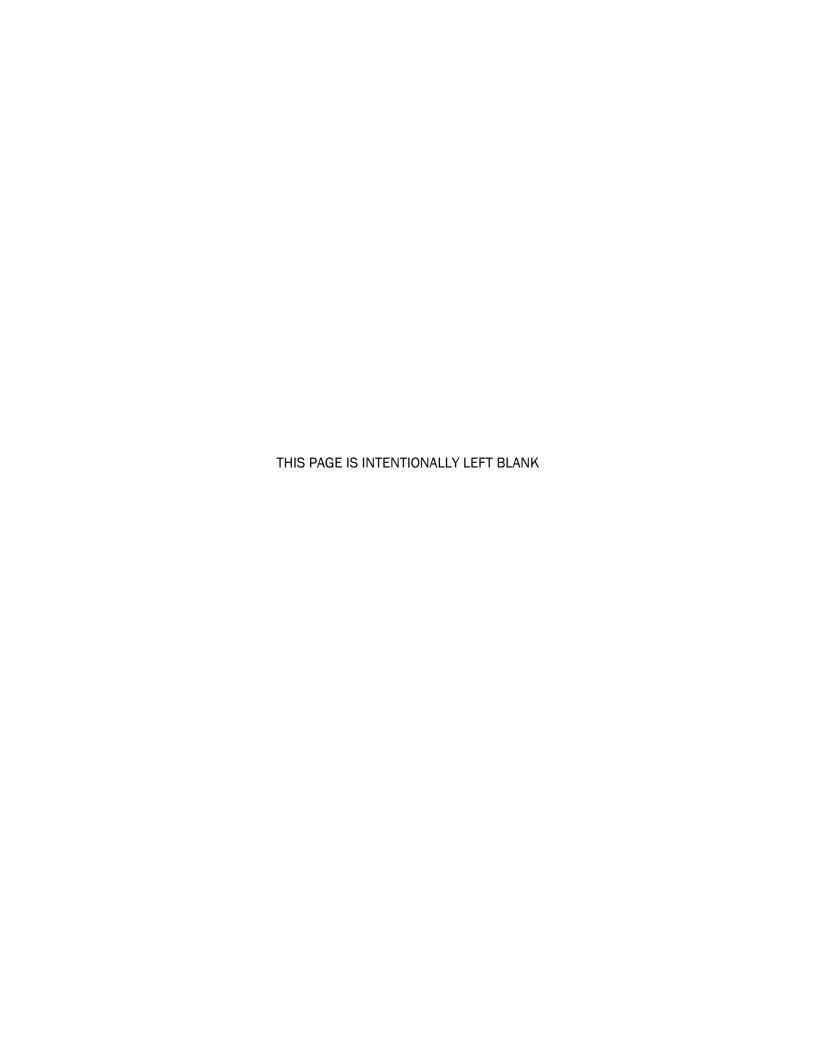
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Introduction Section





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AlexRenew Transmittal Letter

November 13, 2023

To the AlexRenew Board of Directors, our customers, and interested parties:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for AlexRenew for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is submitted herein. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as recommended by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and audited by a firm of independent certified public accountants.

This report presents the financial position of AlexRenew; demonstrates compliance with applicable financerelated legal and contractual provisions; and reflects the principle of full disclosure, allowing readers to gain maximum understanding of AlexRenew's financial position. The accuracy of the data represented, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, is the responsibility of AlexRenew. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is accurate in all material respects and presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of AlexRenew.

Yount, Hyde & Barbour, P.C., an independent registered public accounting firm has audited AlexRenew's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is presented in the financial section of the ACFR.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a general overview and analysis of the accompanying financial statements. This letter of transmittal is prepared to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF ALEXRENEW

The City of Alexandria, Virginia Sanitation Authority, doing business as (d/b/a) AlexRenew, is a wastewater treatment authority serving 300,000 people in Alexandria, VA and parts of Fairfax County. AlexRenew was established in 1952 as an independent political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia under the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act.

Each year, AlexRenew processes and cleans approximately 13 billion gallons of wastewater received from area homes, schools, and businesses. AlexRenew's team of over 100 wastewater professionals is dedicated to providing essential wastewater services for Alexandria — protecting its citizens, delivering healthier waterways, and building a lasting legacy of environmental stewardship in the region.

AlexRenew owns approximately \$1.1 billion in total assets, including three pumping stations, two service chambers, four intercepting sewers, four combined sewer outfalls, and a Water Resource Recovery Facility (WRRF) located adjacent to Alexandria's Old Town historic district.

AlexRenew is governed by a five-member citizen Board of Directors that appoints the General Manager and Chief Executive Officer, who is responsible for the daily management of the organization.

LOCAL ECONOMY

As an inner suburb to Washington, DC, Alexandria continues to see steady population indicators, strong demand for housing, and a number of ongoing major development and redevelopment projects. The City's unemployment rate briefly peaked at 9.9% in April 2020 as a result of the pandemic, but declined to 2.1% by July 2023.

The largest sectors of employment by total wages in Alexandria continue to be professional, scientific, and technical services, as well as public administration. The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, National Science Foundation, and a number of non-profits and associations maintain headquarters in Alexandria. The historic Old Town district is home to many small businesses and a vibrant waterfront. Construction on the newly developed Virgina Tech Innovation Campus is complete. The Innovation District Pumping Station, which will be used to serve the campus, will be conveyed to AlexRenew for ownership and operation.

Alexandria real estate values increased for a thirteenth consecutive year with the overall value of Alexandria's taxable property increasing 3.8% from 2022 to 2023. Year-over-year, average residential values increased 5.0% while commercial property values increased 2.0%. The increase in the overall tax base was attributable to both appreciation of existing properties as well as new development. In 2023, over 90% of single-family homes had value increases. Approximately 69% of condominiums increased in value while multifamily properties saw a 6.2% increase in value on average. The hospitality industry is making a recovery, as hotels increased in value by 9.8% on average. Other commercial property types experiencing value increases included shopping centers, general commercial and warehouses.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Construction continued in FY2023 on RiverRenew, AlexRenew's multi-year program to prevent millions of gallons of sewage mixed with rainwater (combined sewage) from polluting the Potomac River and its tributaries each year. The program began in 2018 and is under a legislative deadline to be complete by July 1, 2025. AlexRenew has invested over \$340 million in RiverRenew, which has employed more than 200 Virginia firms, and is over 50 percent complete. In support of RiverRenew, AlexRenew's state-of-the-art tunnel boring machine has constructed over one (1) mile of 12-foot-wide tunnel 100-feet below the ground. Approximately one (1) mile of tunnel remains to be constructed to connect the existing combined sewer outfalls to AlexRenew's wastewater treatment plant.

Additionally, crews are progressing work on a six (6) foot-wide sewer interceptor; 12-story-deep, 65-foot-wide pumping station; and massive shafts that when complete will function as a system to capture combined sewer overflows.

RiverRenew is funded by a combination of grants, low-interest loans, and contributions from AlexRenew and Fairfax County. During FY2023, AlexRenew drew \$89.7 million from these loans and grants to reimburse for construction expenses incurred on RiverRenew. AlexRenew was also awarded \$90 million in American Rescue Plan grant through the Commonwealth of Virginia to fund RiverRenew, which it expects to use in the upcoming FY2024 to offset a portion of the debt it is assuming through loans.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

For more than a decade, AlexRenew has employed rate modeling to analyze, evaluate, and implement an annual and long-term fee structure to support the financial obligations of the organization. The rate model incorporates historical financial results along with the projected needs of the organization based on the annual operating budget, expected contributions from Fairfax County, and the annual update to the ten-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budgeted projections. The CIP is a key element in planning for and managing for future regulatory compliance through large-scale capital investment. AlexRenew's long-term financial planning process ensures adherence to AlexRenew's indenture and financial policies, while appropriately considering future needs of the Alexandria community in setting rates and managing fiscal position.

INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The AlexRenew Board approves an annual operating and capital budget each June for the fiscal year period July 1 of the current year through June 30 of the following year. AlexRenew's annual operating and capital budget is a modified accrual basis document with revenues established based upon available resources. AlexRenew bills customers monthly for wastewater treatment based on water consumption at rates approved by the Board. Additionally, it receives monthly contributions from Fairfax County for operating and capital costs based on the service agreement between the County and AlexRenew.

AlexRenew's management establishes and maintains an internal accounting control structure that ensures the utility's assets are safeguarded against loss, theft or misuse, and maintains accurate and reliable financial records for the preparation of financial statements and representations made by AlexRenew. AlexRenew's internal accounting control structure provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits derived from the controls. The evaluation of costs and benefits rests with AlexRenew.

FINANCIAL DISCUSSION: Financial Condition and Overview

AlexRenew's financial condition remained strong at year-end. AlexRenew achieved all legal requirements, as prescribed by the master trust indenture and service agreements and exceeded its policy targets while maintaining strong liquidity and a responsible unrestricted net position. AlexRenew's Board-adopted financial policies include requirements to maintain debt service coverage of 1.50x on senior parity debt and at least 120 days of the current year's budgeted amount for operating and maintenance expenses in reserves. At fiscal year-end, debt service coverage was in excess of 2.4x and cash on hand sufficient to meet policy targets and maintain liquidity as construction spending for RiverRenew continues.

AlexRenew maintained appropriate fiscal and business discipline as it implemented the FY2023 operating and maintenance budget, resulting in a moderate operating budget excess and the strengthening of the organization's overall financial position. Capital spend increased year-over-year to almost \$19 million, as construction continued on active capital projects including RiverRenew. In addition to RiverRenew, capital projects funded in FY2023 included continued planning for improvements to the Preliminary/Primary System, development of a Solids Process Master Plan, and ongoing upgrades to digital assets such as Programmable Logic Controller equipment, the Human Machine Interface System, and the campus Fiber Optic Backbone.

AlexRenew has two primary sources of revenue – wastewater treatment charges assessed to City customers and contributions from Fairfax County based on service agreements. AlexRenew's Board approved and implemented its third two-year rate increase at the beginning of FY2023 to primarily support spending associated with RiverRenew and additional operating costs and capital expenses. AlexRenew continues to maintain a \$60 million line of credit with a commercial bank to provide interim financing for RiverRenew construction as needed.

Looking forward, AlexRenew will continue to emphasize best practices and fiscal discipline to ensure its financial resiliency and sustain its fiscal strength as it navigates the next few years of major construction.

FINANCIAL DISCUSSION: Investment Policy

AlexRenew manages the investment of its cash and other financial instruments in strict accordance with the Code of Virginia, other applicable laws and regulations, and the Board-adopted investment policy. AlexRenew focuses on maintaining capital preservation and liquidity while achieving a market return on financial resources.

FINANCIAL DISCUSSION: Capital Assets

AlexRenew's capital assets are currently valued at \$1.1 billion. This is reflective of a significant capital program in recent years that will continue as the RiverRenew program is implemented, which includes a meaningful capital investment. In building and managing the long-term capital improvement plan, AlexRenew will be particularly conscious of the implications for its customers and its overall financial stability.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to AlexRenew for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2022. This was the 14th year that AlexRenew has received this prestigious award. The GFOA awards a Certificate of Achievement to financial reports that clearly convey the financial position and results of operations of the governmental entity. The report must be easy to read, thorough, and efficiently organized, in addition to satisfying GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and standards.

The independent auditors have rendered their unmodified opinion on AlexRenew's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) follows the independent auditors' report and provides a general overview and analysis of the accompanying financial statements.

Thank you to the AlexRenew staff, in particular, its finance team, and the professionals at MSL, P.A., an independent accounting and consulting firm that contributed to preparation of this report, whose hard work and dedication has made possible the preparation of this ACFR. Thank you to the AlexRenew Board of Directors as well, for their vision, leadership, and passion for the mission, and the important work done by every employee at AlexRenew.

Regards,

Justin Carl, PE AlexRenew General

Manager and CEO

Caitlin Feehan, PE AlexRenew Chief Administrative Officer Lake Akinkugbe AlexRenew Director of Finance

ALEXRENEW

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

John Hill - Chair James Beall - Vice Chair Adriana Caldarelli - Secretary/Treasurer Rebecca Hammer Mark Jinks

Shahram Mohsenin, Fairfax County Representative

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO)

Justin Carl, P.E.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (CAO)

Caitlin Feehan

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

Lake Akinkugbe

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Yount, Hyde & Barbour, P.C.

ALEXRENEW

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

June 30, 2023











Pictured from top left to right: Chair John Hill, Vice Chair James Beall Bottom row from left to right: Secretary/Treasurer Adriana Caldarelli, Mr. Mark Jinks, and Ms. Rebecca Hammer*

^{*} New member as of July 2023

Learning, Training & Chief HR Officer **HR** Generalist Development Safety SS AlexRenew Maintenance Manager Maintenance-Renew Facilities Coordinator Maintenance-Alex Reliability **Chief Engineering Officer** Engineering Manager Engineering O&M Specialist Senior O&M Advisor **Executive Assistant** Lab Manager Laboratory Chief Water Qual Officer Sustainability Pretreatment Process Operations-BluRenew Operations-BioRenew Operations-eRenew Chief Operator **Board of Directors** CEO and GM AlexRenew Organizational Chart Accounting Manager Director of Finance *Outside counsel provided Accountants General Counsel* by McGuireWoods, LLC Procurement Manager Contracts Specialist **Procurement Specialist** Chief Admin Officer Buyer Director of Comms Regulatory & Policy Communications & Customer Service Outreach Chief IT Officer Cybersecurity Network Ops Helpdesk SCADA 8

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Alexandria Renew Enterprises Virginia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Alexandria Renew Enterprises Alexandria, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the fiduciary activity of Alexandria Renew Enterprises (AlexRenew), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Alexandria Renew Enterprises' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the fiduciary activity of Alexandria Renew Enterprises, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in its financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Alexandria Renew Enterprises and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about AlexRenew's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Board of Directors Alexandria Renew Enterprises Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of AlexRenew's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about AlexRenew's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Other Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Directors Alexandria Renew Enterprises Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Yount, Hyde & Barbon, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2023 on our consideration of Alexandria Renew Enterprises' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Alexandria Renew Enterprises' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Winchester, Virginia November 13, 2023 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

AlexRenew presents the following review of its financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 (FY23) and 2022 (FY22). Readers of these financial statements are encouraged to consider this information together with the accompanying financial statement notes to obtain a comprehensive view of the Authority's financial position and operating results for FY23.

AlexRenew's overall financial condition, as well as operating and capital plans to meet water quality requirements remained strong and stable during FY23. AlexRenew met or performed better than the standards established by its financial policies, maintaining a debt service coverage ratio of 2.6 and unrestricted cash of 136 days of operating expenses.

Throughout FY23, revenues from billed water consumption and resulting flows to AlexRenew's wastewater treatment plant exceeded the original budgetary estimate by approximately 8% or \$3.9 million. Flows from Fairfax County to the wastewater treatment plant were lower than originally budgeted, resulting in a decrease of \$0.6 million in actual operating revenues from Fairfax County. This was offset by earned interest income which exceeded budgetary estimates by about \$0.6 million.

The FY23 operating budget included continued workforce investments and enhancements to employee benefits. These investments resulted in additional compensation expenditures above budget of \$0.3 million as AlexRenew sought to recruit and retain top talent in a very competitive labor market. Because planned drawdowns of federal and state loans to finance elements of the RiverRenew project occurred later than originally budgeted, payments on outstanding debt were \$2.4 million below original budgetary estimates. These two expenditure outcomes resulted in an operating and debt service budget net savings of \$2.1 million. The increase of \$3.9 in revenue and decrease of \$2.1 million in expenditures over original budgetary estimates as described above resulted in a total \$6.0 million FY23 surplus available for future capital investments.

AlexRenew received the Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, which is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. This is the 16th time AlexRenew has received this award.

Summary of Organization and Business

The City of Alexandria, Virginia, Sanitation Authority does business as AlexRenew. Throughout this document, the term "Authority" will be used in reference to the AlexRenew.

The Authority is a public body organized and created under the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act of the Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. The Authority was created by the City Council of the City of Alexandria (City Council) in 1952 to construct, operate and maintain a sewage disposal system to provide wastewater treatment services to the public.

Five citizen members appointed by City Council to four-year staggered terms govern the Authority as its Board of Directors (Board).

In 1953, the Authority and neighboring Fairfax County (County) executed a service agreement by which the Authority would build a sewage treatment plant in which the County would purchase a reserved treatment capacity (Service Agreement). The Service Agreement further provides that the County will share in the cost of capital improvements to the sewage treatment system based on its reserved capacity and will also share in annual operating and maintenance expenses in proportion to the County's actual use as measured by the volume of sewage it contributes to the sewage treatment system. The Service Agreement was last amended and restated in October 1998. The major provisions relating to the County's reserved capacity (60%), payment of capital and upgrade costs, and calculation of its share of the payment of operating costs remained unchanged, though the County and the Authority have negotiated more recent agreements pertaining to the cost share of certain capital projects such as the RiverRenew program.

The Authority receives no financial support from the City of Alexandria (City) and has no taxing power. The revenues of the Authority are derived from wastewater treatment charges based on metered water consumption and meter size for Alexandria users, and payments from the County for its proportional share of operating expenses, replacement and renewal expense, and capital costs.

Audit Assurance

The unmodified (clean) opinion of our independent external auditors, Yount, Hyde & Barbour, P.C., is included in this report.

The financial section presents Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities for FY23. This financial section information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The following are key financial highlights for FY23:

- The Authority treated 13.1 billion gallons of wastewater during FY23 and remained flat compared to the prior FY23. At an average of 35 million gallons per day (MGD) in FY23, the 54 MGD design capacity at the facility remains sufficient.
- The County contributed 5.3 billion gallons of wastewater flow to the Authority in FY23, which accounted for approximately 40.7% of the wastewater treated at the Authority's facilities. This is lower than the 47.4% in the prior FY22 and is within the County's allocation per the Service Agreement.
- The Authority number of accounts in FY23 at 26,710, slightly lower than prior FY22 at 26,767.
- The Authority continued to experience economic impacts related to the COVID-19 pandemic including supply chain disruptions and inflationary pressures in critical areas including chemicals, construction materials, labor, transportation, parts and equipment.
- Billed water consumption and flows to the facility remained strong and revenues exceeded the original budgetary estimate by approximately 8%.
- Wastewater treatment fee revenues are derived from two primary charges: a base charge and a volumetric charge. The base charge is a fixed rate that varies by customer served and the volumetric charge is a usage charge based on metered water sales. The volumetric charge approved by the Board for FY23 was \$9.26 per 1,000 gallons of water and represents a 6.6% increase as compared with the prior FY22. The Base charge approved by the Board for FY23 was \$13.14 per month for residential customers and varies based on meter size for commercial customers, again representing a 6.5% increase as compared to the prior FY22.
- Wastewater treatment charge revenues of \$54.9 million were 8.1% higher in FY23 compared to the prior FY22. This increase is the result of the rate increase described in the paragraph above and strong usage and billed flows.
- Total operating expenses for FY23, excluding depreciation and amortization, increased 21.5% compared to FY22.
- The FY23 operating budget included continuous workforce investments and enhancements to employee benefits as AlexRenew continues to work to retain top talent in a competitive labor market.
- Senior debt service coverage, on an accrual basis, was 2.6x for FY23. This exceeded the 1.1x required by the Authority's Master Indenture of Trust (Indenture) and 1.5x established by the Board's Financial Policies. The Authority issued two debt facilities in the prior FY21 to fund construction a loan of up to \$185 million from the Virginia Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund (CWRLF) and a loan of up to \$321 million from the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) loan program. Included in the coverage calculation above is \$104.8 million in proceeds the Authority drew from the Series 2021 CWRLF bonds during FY21 and FY22 (See Note 6).
- The Authority has also partially drawn its \$60 million line of credit, which is secured at the subordinate lien and will be eventually repaid from cash or from proceeds of a grant or loan (See Note 5).

Financial Highlights (Continued)

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources for FY23 were \$1,151.2 million. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (Net Position) in the amount of \$833.5 million for FY23. Of the total Net Position, \$69.9 million were unrestricted and available to support operations for FY23. The increase in total assets is a result of the multiple improvement, replacement and construction projects ongoing for plant infrastructure and equipment.
- Capital assets net of depreciation and amortization increased \$106.7 million in FY23. The increase is primarily due to increased capital expenditures associated with the RiverRenew program and other ongoing capital projects.
- Payments from the County of \$11.1 million in FY23 represented the County's share of operating costs based upon their proportional contribution to total plant flow. County payments were \$10.9 million in the prior FY22. This payment increase is the result of an increase in the percentage of flow contributed by the County and in the total jointly shared operating expense in FY23.

Required Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units operated as a proprietary fund. As a result, the financial statements of the Authority report financial information using the flow of economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer current and long-term financial information about its activities.

The statement of net position includes all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and provides summary information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities). The assets and liabilities are presented in a classified format, which lists current and other balances.

The statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position measures whether the Authority has successfully recovered its operating and non-operating costs through its wastewater treatment rates and other fees. The Authority's rates are determined via a rate modeling process that incorporates an array of factors focused on the cost of capture, conveyance, treatment, and discharge of wastewater. The rate model is updated and evaluated annually, or as circumstances warrant, to ensure the Authority recovers its full cost of service.

The statement of cash flows provides information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing activities, and the total change in cash during the reporting period.

In 2014, the Authority established an Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund to fund its OPEB. It was established within the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund (Trust Fund), sponsored by the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia Association of Counties. The Trust Fund is an investment permitted for participating municipal employers to accumulate assets to pay future OPEB benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries. The financial statements include the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and the statements of changes in fiduciary net position for FY23 and FY22.

The Notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The Notes present information about the Authority's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

Financial Analysis:

The following comparative condensed financial statements and other selected information provide key financial data and indicators for management, evaluation and comparison.

The following table reflects the Authority's net position at June 30, 2023, June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

Condensed Statements of Net Position (in Millions of Dollars)

	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change	2021
Current unrestricted assets	\$ 77.04	\$ 71.28	\$ 5.76	8.08 %	\$ 49.11
Current restricted assets	15.22	23.68	(8.46)	(35.73) %	31.21
Other non-current assets	0.48	0.43	0.05	11.63 %	31.21
Capital assets, net	1,056.38	949.68	106.70	11.24 %	859.43
Total Assets	1,149.12	1,045.07	104.05	9.96 %	970.96
Deferred Outflows	2.06	2.81	(0.75)	(26.69) %	3.08
Current liabilities	58.12	46.58	11.54	24.77 %	59.76
Long-term liabilities	256.94	180.32	76.62	42.49 %	110.23
Total Liabilities	315.06	226.90	88.16	38.85 %	169.99
Deferred Inflows	2.58	7.24	(4.66)	(64.36) %	1.46
Net Investment in capital assets	757.96	748.22	9.74	1.30 %	720.25
Restricted	5.70	15.49	(9.79)	(63.20) %	27.46
Unrestricted	69.88	50.03	19.85	39.68 %	23.67
Total Net Position	\$ 833.54	\$ 813.74	\$ 19.80	2.43 %	\$ 771.38

Financial Analysis (Continued)

The following table reflects the Authority's comparative revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (in Millions of Dollars)

		2023	2022		\$ Change	% Change	2021	
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Wastewater Treatment Fees & Miscellaneous	\$	54.86	\$	50.73	4.13	8.10 %	\$	46.08
Fairfax County Wastewater Fees		11.06		10.92	0.14	1.30 %		10.43
General revenues:								
Federal grants		0.06		0.28	(0.22)	(78.60) %		0.33
Investment Income (loss)		0.76		(0.72)	1.48	(205.60) %		0.13
Total Revenues		66.74		61.21	5.53	9.00 %		56.97
Program expenses								
Depreciation and Amortization expenses		21.44		20.57	0.87	4.20 %		20.66
Other Operating Expenses		33.56		27.62	5.94	21.50 %		26.84
Non-operating Expenses		4.65		4.96	(0.31)	(6.20) %		11.09
Total Expenses		59.65		53.15	6.50	12.20 %		58.59
Changes in Net Position before Capital Contributions		7.09		8.06	(0.97)	(12.00) %		(1.62)
Capital Contributions		12.71		34.30	(21.59)	(62.90) %		21.20
Changes in Net Position		19.80		42.36	(22.56)	(53.30) %		19.58
Net Position:								
Beginning		813.74		771.38	42.36	5.49 %		751.80
Ending	\$	833.54	\$	813.74	\$ 19.80	2.43 %	\$	771.38

Financial Analysis (Continued)

The following table summarizes other selected information of the Authority at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Other Selected Information

other ociected information							D'66				2224			
		2023			2022	D	ifference	% Ch	ange			2021	_	
Selected data:														
Employees at year end		115			104		11		11	%		99		
Alexandria accounts	26,710				26,767		(57)		(0) %		26,589			
Wastewater treated (millions of gallons		13,094			13,090		4		0	%		14,266		
Portion contributed by														
Fairfax County (millions of gallons)		5,327			6,204		(877)		(14)	%		6,535		
Percentage contributed by														
Fairfax County		40.68	%		47.39	%	(6.71)	% (1	4.16)	%		45.81	%	
Rates, Residential Customers:														
Charge per 1000 gallons of														
water consumption	\$	9.26		\$	8.69		\$ 0.57		6.56	%	\$	8.13		
Base Charge		13.14			12.34		0.80		6.48	%		11.54		
Average residential customer bill (based	on	4,000 gall	on p	er r	nonth wat	ter u	sage):							
Per year	\$	602.16		\$	565.20		\$ 36.96		6.54	%	\$	528.72		
Per quarter		150.54			141.30		9.24		6.54 %			132.18		
Per month		50.18			47.10		3.08		6.54	%		44.06		
Rates, Commercial Customers:														
Charge per 1000 gallons of														
water consumption	\$	9.26		\$	8.69		\$ 0.57		6.56	%	\$	8.13		
Base Charge														
Water Meter Size														
5/8"	\$	39.42		\$	37.02		2.40		6.5	%	\$	34.63		
3/4"		39.42			37.02		2.40		6.5	%		34.63		
1"		98.55			92.55		6.00		6.5	%		86.59		
1-1/2"		197.10			185.10		12.00		6.5	%		173.17		
2"		315.36			296.16		19.20		6.5	%		277.08		
3"		591.30			555.30		36.00		6.5	%		519.52		
4"		985.50			925.50		60.00		6.5	%		865.87		
6"		1,971.00		:	1,851.00		120.00		6.5	%	1	.,731.74		
8"		3,153.60		2	2,961.60		192.00		6.5	%	2	2,770.79		

General Trends and Significant Events

The Authority's service area within the City can be referred to as mature. The City is over 250 years old and for the most part is built-out. While there is some undeveloped land and a number of areas under redevelopment, these activities are expected to have a limited impact on the Authority's flows and wastewater treatment charge revenue over the intermediate term. This is particularly true given the trend for water conservation and sustainability efforts within the community.

The Authority has continued to progress in implementing the RiverRenew program to remediate the combined sewer system that serves the oldest parts of the City (See Note 12). Work progressed throughout FY23 and included completion of a shaft and delivery of the state-of-the-art tunnel boring machine that will soon begin constructing the RiverRenew tunnel. During FY23, AlexRenew finished drawing on its second \$25 million grant from the Commonwealth to fund RiverRenew construction expenses. The first \$25 million grant from the Commonwealth was received in FY20 and also used to fund RiverRenew program expenses.

The number of City accounts decreased by 57 accounts in FY23 when compared to FY22. In the prior fiscal year, the number of accounts increased by 178. The current number of accounts has been very stable, even though the City's population increased 10% over this same timeframe. This is likely driven by the significant number of Alexandrians who reside in single-metered multi-family housing units.

Financial Condition

The Authority's financial condition remained strong at fiscal year-end with adequate liquid assets and a reasonable level of unrestricted net position. The current financial condition, as well as operating and capital plans to meet future water quality requirements, are well balanced and under control.

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources grew \$103.3 million or 9.9% during FY23. Net Position increased by \$19.8 million in FY23, with a substantial portion of the change resulting in an increase in capital assets and unrestricted net position.

Results of Operations

Revenues: The Authority's revenues from operations fall into two main categories: 1) wastewater treatment charges (including base charge and volumetric charge) to customers in the City, which are based on metered water consumption and 2) County operating expense charges for wastewater treatment for its share of operating expenses based upon metered flow to the plant. Operating revenues increased by \$4.3 million or 6.9% over last year, the net impact of the rate increase of approximately 6.5% that took effect July 1, 2022 for City customers and the slight increase year-over-year in the Fairfax operating contribution.

<u>Capital contributions:</u> Total capital contributions were \$12.71 million in FY23, a \$21.6 million decrease over the prior FY22.

The County pays 60% of the cost of joint capital improvements to the water resource recovery facility based upon the Service Agreement with the Authority. The RiverRenew program is subject to a separately negotiated cost share agreement between the County and the Authority, based on the unique service characteristics of the facilities being constructed.

The County's capital contributions are recorded as non-operating revenues in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The County's capital contributions decreased by approximately \$3.1 million year-over-year, primarily because AlexRenew's capital spending was more heavily concentrated in the RiverRenew program, which carries lower cost share percentages than other capital projects.

AlexRenew

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Results of Operations (Continued)

Expenses:

FY23-FY22 comparison: Total operating expenses for FY23, excluding depreciation and amortization, increased by \$5.94 million or 21.5% relative to FY22. Core areas associated with operating the water resource recovery facility increased year-over-year including chemicals, utilities, operations maintenance, sludge disposal, and repairs and replacements expenses.

FY22-FY21 comparison: Total operating expenses for FY22, excluding depreciation and amortization, increased by \$0.78 million or 2.9% relative to FY21. Core areas associated with operating the water resource recovery facility increased year-over-year including chemicals, operations maintenance, repairs and replacements and general and administrative expenses. These increases were offset by savings in areas such as personnel costs, utilities, sewage disposal and sludge disposal. Certain areas such as custodial services and communications and IT equipment increased due to the pandemic-related impacts. Overall, the Authority was successful in meeting its FY22 operating budget and limiting the year-over-year increase in spend to less than the current rate of inflation.

Capital Assets

The Authority maintains investments in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, sanitary sewer intercepting lines and force mains, pumping stations, a water resource recovery facility, four combined sewer outfalls, machinery and equipment, computers and vehicles. The Authority also owns capacity rights at the Arlington County Water Pollution Control Facility (Arlington). Pursuant to a Service Agreement between the City of Alexandria, the Authority and Arlington County, the Authority pays approximately 8% of the cost of capital improvements at the Arlington facility based on its 3 MGD reserved capacity. Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Notes 1 and 4 of the Notes to financial statements.

The Authority maintains its equipment annually on a prioritized basis through a committed improvements, renewals and replacements fund. The County and the Authority invest a percentage of total facility assets into this fund under the Service Agreement, to support adequate reinvestment and continuing compliance with environmental regulations.

The Authority finances its capital assets through rates and charges, the County capital contributions, interim financing instruments, long term debt and, when available, capital grants.

Debt Administration:

The Authority had \$260.7 million in long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2023, including \$8.6 million considered short-term. Principal payments totaled \$9.3 million during FY23. During FY21, the Authority issued the Series 2021 Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund (CWRLF) Bonds in an amount of up to \$185 million and the Series 2021 Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) Bonds in an amount of up to \$321 million to provide capital funding for RiverRenew. The Authority started drawdowns on the WIFIA Bonds in FY23 and is also actively drawing on the Series 2021 CWRLF Bonds to fund Tunnel construction. No new debt facilities were issued during FY23.

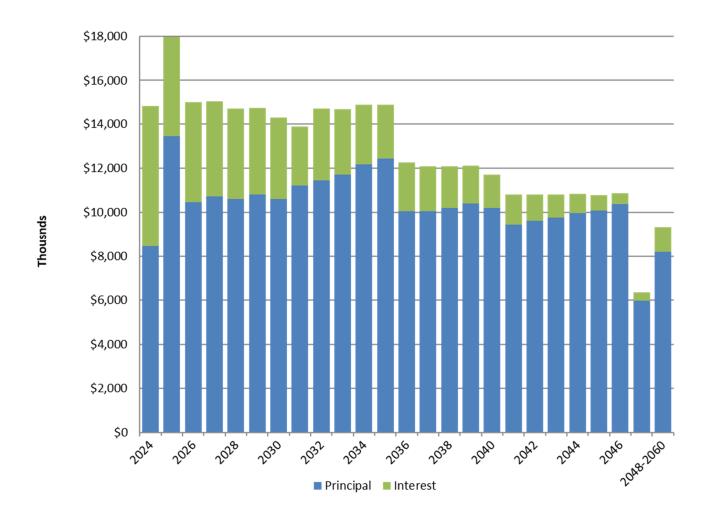
Annual debt service payments decreased 12% in FY23 as compared to FY22 primarily due to the timing and execution of some capital projects. The Authority also continued to utilize the Line of Credit issued during FY22 and had \$38.1 million available as of fiscal year end to provide interim funding for Tunnel construction (See Note 5). The Line of Credit is expected to be repaid from cash or from grant or debt proceeds at a later time.

Results of Operations (Continued)

The Authority's financial strength, ability to pay current debt service (principal and interest), and future borrowing capacity is demonstrated, in part, by its senior debt service coverage which is currently a strong 2.6x. The Indenture requires the Authority to establish, fix, charge and collect rates, fees and other charges for operating and maintenance so that in each fiscal year net revenues are not less than 1.1x total debt service for the fiscal year. The Board's financial policies require the Authority to maintain a minimum debt service coverage of 1.5x total debt service for the fiscal year.

The graph below presents principal and interest payments for the Authority's outstanding revenue bonds as of June 30, 2023. This graph includes the debt service associated with draws the Authority had made on the Series 2021 CWRLF Bonds and WIFA Bonds as of the end of FY23 and does not include draws associated with the Line of Credit (See Note 5) or draws the Authority may make in the future under the CWRLF or WIFIA Bonds. The Authority's current revenue bonds mature in 2060 and future debt issued to fund the RiverRenew program or other capital projects is expected to be repaid largely after the decline in existing debt service that occurs after FY25 as shown below.

Annual Debt Service Requirements



Results of Operations (Continued)

The following table calculates the performance relative to the Rate Covenant for FY23, FY22 and FY21. (in millions)

	:	2023	:	2022	% Change		:	2021
Unrestricted Operating Revenue	\$	65.92	\$	61.65	6.93	%	\$	56.51
Total Operating Expenses								
(Less Depreciation and Replacements)		33.56		27.62	21.51	%		26.84
Net Revenue	\$	32.36	\$	34.03	(4.91)	%	\$	29.67
Annual Debt Service	\$	12.31	\$	13.98	(11.97)	%	\$	14.05
Revenue Covenant ¹		2.63		2.43	8.03	%		2.11

¹ ≥ 1.10x per Indenture and 1.50x per Board Policy

Additional information on the Authority's debt can be found in Note 6 to the Financial Statements.

The Authority bills customers monthly for wastewater treatment based on the class of customer served and the corresponding amount of water consumption metered at the customer's premise at rates approved by its Board.

The Authority's budget includes sources/revenues for new debt issues that for accounting purposes are not shown as revenues but are included on the statement of net position to comply with GAAP. Likewise, capital project spending and debt service principal payments are treated as capital outlays (expenditures) for budget purposes but are included as assets and liabilities in the statement of net position for GAAP compliance purposes. The Authority's budget expense classifications are in several cases different than the financial statement presentation as is the case for personnel services and general and administrative expenses.

The Authority's operating budget is categorized according to the strategic outcomes that form the Board's 2040 Vision:

<u>Operational Excellence</u>: Comply with 100% of all federal, state and local requirements through continuous improvement efforts. This category includes expenses such as chemicals, utilities and biosolids land application and disposal.

<u>Public Trust</u>: Strengthen accountability by maintaining transparency in all public interactions. This category includes budget items such as community outreach and customer service.

<u>Watershed Stewardship</u>: Integrate sustainability and resiliency into our activities and throughout the water sector through effective partnerships. This category includes expenses such as the Authority's capacity in the Arlington plant.

<u>Adaptive Culture</u>: All employees continue to be accomplished water professionals. This is the "people" budget and includes salaries, benefits, and professional development.

<u>Financial Resilience</u>: Provide water resource recovery services in a cost effective and efficient manner. This category includes items such as insurance, facility maintenance and financial software.

AlexRenew

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Results of Operations (Continued)

Capital spending is budgeted according to whether the project benefits the City only or is shared with Fairfax County. RiverRenew expenses are broken out from the other general capital projects due to the negotiated cost share percentages unique to that program. Certain expenditures for construction have been estimated net of contractual retainage not paid by contract terms until projects are complete. During FY23, the Authority made draws from the Series 2021 Bonds, the WIFIA Bonds and the Line of Credit, to fund its share of construction costs (net of County share) on capital projects.

Final Comments

FY23 marked another year of strong financial performance by the Authority. Revenues were bolstered by a strong local economy, an increase in percentage of Fairfax County flows, and the rate increases adopted over the past several years to fund RiverRenew construction. The Authority has continued to identify efficient funding sources, including state and federal grants, to help offset these costs, and used significant grant funding in FY23 towards construction expenses, allowing for debt to be used more slowly and sparingly as construction continues. The Authority was in compliance with all of its financial policies and targets and affirmed its ability to meet its capital spending requirements while maintaining strong liquidity and financial flexibility. Operating expenditures increased by 21.5%, year-over-year due to inflation, supply chain chain challenges and impact of COVID-19. Debt service coverage was a strong 2.6x indicating that revenue growth is keeping pace with debt service expense, even as issuance of debt increases while the Authority implements RiverRenew and other needed initiatives to meet its mission.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, customers, and other interested parties with a general overview of the Authority's financial position and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Alexandria Renew Enterprises, 1800 Limerick St. Alexandria, Virginia 22314, call 703-721-3500, or visit us on the web at www.alexrenew.com.

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ALEXRENEW STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2):	\$ 44.362.343	Φ 4F CO7 O74
Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 44,362,343 5,805,047	\$ 45,687,371 13,841,190
Accounts receivable, net (Note 3)	6,240,615	6,122,435
Due from other governments (Note 3)	3,456,230	854,719
Prepaid expenses	1,219,693	724,855
Inventory	319,180	317,539
Investments (Note 2):		
Unrestricted	21,450,219	17,577,646
Restricted	9,406,574	9,836,238
Total current assets	92,259,901	94,961,993
Non-current assets		
Other post employment benefits (Note 8)	470,825	427,036
Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization (Note 4)	1,056,382,243	949,684,821
Total non-current assets	1,056,853,068	950,111,857
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1 222 044	1 001 005
Pension related deferred outflows (Note 7) Other post employment benefits related deferred outflows (Note 8)	1,222,941 59,114	1,921,235 63,125
Deferred charge on refunding	780,563	828,597
		
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,062,618	2,812,957
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,151,175,587	\$ 1,047,886,807
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 3)	\$ 16,617,908	\$ 13,552,162
Due to City of Alexandria	763,915	869,735
Accrued paid time off	771,242	743,692
Line of credit (Note 5)	21,874,852	13,874,852
Current maturities of long-term debt (Note 6)	8,583,453	9,352,473
Payable from restricted assets		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 3)	6,240,627	6,628,452
Accrued interest payable	3,270,182	1,563,430
Total current liabilities	58,122,179	46,584,796
Long-term liabilities		
Accrued paid time off, less current portion	257,081	247,897
Net pension liability (Note 7)	4,530,655	1,006,934
Long-term debt (Note 6)	252,151,691	179,066,607
Total long-term liabilities	256,939,427	180,321,438
Total liabilities	315,061,606	226,906,234
		220,000,201
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferred inflows (Note 7)	1 670 409	6 1 4 7 4 7 5
Other post employment benefits related deferred inflows (Note 8)	1,670,498	6,147,475 1,091,112
	904,718	1,091,112
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,575,216	7,238,587
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	\$ 317,636,822	\$ 234,144,821
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	757,956,972	748,219,486
Restricted:		
Operating	507,516	2,262,985
Parity debt service	1,236,280	3,397,597
Improvement, renewal & replacement	3,957,016	9,824,964
Unrestricted	69,880,981	50,036,954
Total net position	833,538,765	813,741,986
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		
and net position	\$ 1,151,175,587	\$ 1,047,886,807
	+ 1,101,110,001	+ 1,011,000,001

ALEXRENEW STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For The Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES		
Wastewater treatment fees	\$ 54,844,244	\$ 50,689,442
Fairfax County wastewater fees	11,062,569	10,918,297
Miscellaneous	24,014	42,397
Total operating revenues	65,930,827	61,650,136
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel services	14,210,244	12,022,176
Utilities	3,942,929	3,092,003
Chemicals	2,785,388	2,277,528
Operations maintenance	1,652,687	1,196,034
Arlington sewage disposal	2,429,481	1,292,445
Sludge disposal	1,144,760	1,015,983
Depreciation and amortization (Note 4)	21,441,879	20,571,731
Repairs and replacements, sewage disposal systems	770,830	1,566,169
General, administrative, customer service, and other	6,639,220	5,141,279
Total operating expenses	55,017,418	48,175,348
Operating income	10,913,409	13,474,788
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment income (loss)	757,913	(723,051)
Federal grants	60,515	280,617
Interest on debt	(4,647,932)	(3,554,625)
Loss on disposed capital assets		(1,411,496)
-	(0.000.504)	(F. 400 FFF)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(3,829,504)	(5,408,555)
Change in net position before capital contributions	7,083,905	8,066,233
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	12,712,874	34,300,630
Change in net position	19,796,779	42,366,863
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	813,741,986	771,375,123
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 833,538,765	\$ 813,741,986

ALEXRENEW STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For The Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 54,632,869	\$ 50,638,316
Cash received from Fairfax County for operations	11,827,697	9,945,852
Cash received from other sources	24,014	42,397
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(17,869,436)	(15,642,446)
Payments to employees for services	(14,548,847)	(12,880,796)
Net cash provided by operations	34,066,297	32,103,323
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	(127,572,140)	(108,533,541)
Capital contributions from Fairfax County	9,346,235	12,692,541
Proceeds from grants	60,515	21,873,875
Net proceeds from debt issuance	81,729,016	85,835,854
Proceeds from line of credit	8,000,000	-
Payments on line of credit	-	(16,125,148)
Principal payments on debt	(9,275,934)	(11,080,547)
Interest paid on borrowing	(3,030,164)	(2,896,259)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(40,742,472)	(18,233,225)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	(6,332,705)	5,023,695
Purchase of investments	2,985,403	(8,777,575)
Interest received on investments	662,306	101,401
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,684,996)	(3,652,479)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(9,361,171)	10,217,619
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning	59,528,561	49,310,942
Ending	\$ 50,167,390	\$ 59,528,561
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 44,362,343	\$ 45,687,371
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	5,805,047	13,841,190
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,167,390	\$ 59,528,561
·	-	

ALEXRENEW STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) For The Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	 	
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$ 10,913,409	\$ 13,474,788
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	21,441,879	20,571,731
Pension expense, net of of employer contributions	(254,962)	(610,497)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(118, 180)	(87,561)
Due from other governments	765,128	(972,445)
Prepaid expenses	(494,838)	(553,926)
Inventory	(1,641)	(27,429)
(Decrease) increase in:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,110,760	561,166
Due to City of Alexandria	(105,820)	31,185
Accrued paid time off	36,734	(100,627)
Other post employment benefits	(226,172)	 (183,062)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 34,066,297	\$ 32,103,323
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Carrying value of disposed capital assets	\$ -	\$ 1,411,496
Capital asset purchases included in accounts payable at year end	\$ 18,270,150	\$ 17,702,989
State grant included in due from other governments at year end	\$ 3,256,624	\$ -

ALEXRENEW STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Assets held in trust, at fair value		
Investment in pooled funds	\$ 1,110,103	\$ 1,032,992
NET DOCITION		
NET POSITION	ф 4.440.40 <u>2</u>	¢ 4.020.000
Net position restricted for OPEB	\$ 1,110,103	\$ 1,032,992

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund For The Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

ADDITIONS		
Contributions from employer	\$ 55,538	\$ 56,733
Investment Earnings:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	78,706	(105,094)
Less investment costs	(1,595)	(1,724)
Net investment earnings	77,111	(106,818)
Total additions	132,649	(50,085)
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits paid to participants	55,538	 56,733
Total deductions	 55,538	 56,733
Change in net position	77,111	(106,818)
Total net position - beginning	1,032,992	 1,139,810
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,110,103	\$ 1,032,992

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Entity

On May 15, 2012, the Board amended its bylaws to adopt the name of "Alexandria Renew Enterprises" as the official trade name of the Alexandria Sanitation Authority (Authority).

The Authority is a special governmental unit created by the Alexandria City Council (City Council) in 1952 for the purpose of constructing, operating, and maintaining a wastewater treatment system for the City. The Authority is chartered by the State Corporation Commission and is an independent public body. The Authority is governed by a five-member Board who serve staggered terms and are appointed by the City Council.

Although the Board is appointed by the City Council, the Authority is not a part of the City's reporting entity and is not considered a component unit under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61.

No component units are included in the Authority's financial statements.

The following is a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies:

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to the enterprise fund of governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net position. Net position (i.e., total assets plus deferred outflows, net of total liabilities plus deferred inflows) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted components.

The Authority also has a fiduciary fund for assets held by the Authority in a trustee capacity for its employees. The Authority's Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) trust fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of assets held in trust for the Authority's OPEB plan.

Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Authority. Operating revenues primarily consist of charges for services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Contributions from Fairfax County (County) under the Service Agreement discussed in Note 4 are recorded as capital contributions.

In accordance with the Service Agreement with the County, the Authority recognizes as revenue the County's proportionate share of current operating expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Inventory

Inventory, consisting of items held for consumption, are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Financial Policy

The Board revised its financial policy to increase its restricted cash reserves. The Bond Master Trust Indenture requires the Authority keep 60 days of operating expenses in reserve and the Authority has appropriately restricted these amounts. The Authority's internal policy requires its restricted cash reserves to be maintained at 120 days of operating expenses at year-end; however, only the amount required by the Indenture is shown as restricted in the financial statements.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, except for investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), which are external 2a7-like investment pools stated at share price. All fair market valuations are based on quoted market prices.

In accordance with the *Code of Virginia* and other applicable laws, including regulations, the Authority's investment policy (Policy) permits investments in U.S. Treasury Securities, U.S. agency securities, municipal obligations, prime quality commercial paper, banker's acceptances with domestic banks, corporate notes, negotiable certificates of deposit of domestic banks, money market funds registered under the Federal Investment Act of 1940, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency obligations, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the Virginia LGIP).

Pursuant to Sec. 2.1-234.7 of the *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings and the fair value of the position in LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares (i.e., the LGIP maintains a stable net asset value of \$1 per share).

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Policy limits investment maturities to a maximum of five years for any investment, unless the Board approves an exception in writing. The investment policy establishes the maximum percentage of the portfolio permitted in each of the following instruments:

U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%, no limitation
Federal Agency Obligations	100%, 35% issuer limit
Municipal Obligations	10%, 3% issuer limit
Commercial Paper	25%, 3% issuer limit
Bankers' Acceptance	25%, 3% issuer limit
Corporate Notes	10%, 3% issuer limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	10%, 50% issuer limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%, 50% issuer limit
Repurchase Agreements	35%, 35% issuer limit
LGIP	100%, no limitation

Accounts Receivable

Operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Unbilled revenues for services delivered during the last month of the fiscal year are accrued based on meter readings for June consumption. Receivables are recorded as current assets, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$680,000 at June 30, 2023 and 2022. The allowance is based upon historical collections.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed property, plant and equipment with a cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of 3 years or more is capitalized and recorded at historical cost. Interest related to costs and major improvements, renewals, and replacements is capitalized as a cost of the project. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Plant and related infrastructure	67 years
Buildings and improvements	10-30 years
Furniture and equipment	3-15 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computers	3 years

Capital assets also include intangible assets, such as purchased capacity rights for the Arlington sewer treatment plant upgrade and expansion, and I.T. subscription assets. Capacity rights assets are amortized over 40 years and I.T. subscription assets are amortized based on terms stated in the agreement.

Accrued Paid Time-Off Benefit

The Authority's paid time-off benefit (PTO) policy permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused PTO benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from service. The accrued PTO benefit is included in the statement of net position as a liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allocation of Expenses

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, payroll taxes and fringe benefits were allocated to operations and administration based on direct salaries.

Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position represents the remaining net position not included in the previous two categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted net position first, then unrestricted as needed.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurement

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Authority's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statements which present financial position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Authority has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item consists of contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions; this will be applied to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The second item is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. This difference will be recognized in pension expense over a closed five-year period. The third item is the deferred loss on refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The fourth item is for the changes in assumptions related to OPEB. The difference will be recognized in OPEB expense over a closed four-year period.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statements which present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has two types of items that qualify for reporting under this category. This first item represents differences between expected and actual experience in the pension plan. These differences will be recognized in pension expense over a closed five-year period. The second item is the differences between expected and actual experience and the net difference between projected and actual earnings related to OPEB. This difference will be recognized in OPEB expense over a closed four-year period.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act) Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of all excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

Statutes authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's LGIP, a 2a-7 like pool, and the Commonwealth of Virginia SNAP, a pooled investment fund. Both the LGIP and SNAP are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The fair value of the Authority's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares, which are reported at amortized cost.

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Authority's investments in federal agency bonds and notes, U.S. Treasury bonds and notes, Supra-National agency notes, and corporate bonds and notes were valued using a matrix pricing model, Level 2 inputs.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, none of the Authority's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority's portfolio management approach is active, allowing for periodic restructuring of the investment portfolio to take advantage of current and anticipated interest rate moves. The Authority minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by having an average investment period of 2.5 years and a limit of less than 5 years.

The Authority's investments as of June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Investment Type		Fair Value	S&P Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity *
Federal agency bonds and notes U.S. Treasury bonds and notes	\$	4,368,025 13,789,788	AA+ AA+	0.89 2.67
Supra-National agency notes		1,811,865	AAA	1.19
Corporate bonds and notes LGIP		295,510 130.658	AAA AAAm	0.60 N/A
Total investments	\$ <u></u>	20,395,846	AAIII	IV/A

^{*}Average maturity in years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The Authority's investments as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	S&P Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Federal agency bonds and notes	\$ 6,078,936	AA+	1.73
U.S. Treasury bonds and notes	13,379,215	AA+	2.18
Supra-National agency notes	3,302,083	AAA	0.87
Corporate bonds and notes	773,477	AA+-AAA	0.74
LGIP	 125,664	AAAm	N/A
Total investments	\$ 23,659,375		

Reconciliation of deposits and investments at June 30, 2023:

	Amounts per Statement of Net Position:		
	Cash and cash		_
\$ 57,739,838	equivalents	\$	50,167,390
 2,888,499	Investments		30,856,793
60,628,337	Total	\$	81,024,183
 20,395,846			
\$ 81,024,183			
	\$ 57,739,838 2,888,499 60,628,337 20,395,846	\$ 57,739,838 Cash and cash equivalents 2,888,499 Investments 60,628,337 Total 20,395,846	\$ 57,739,838 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,888,499 Investments \$ 60,628,337 Total \$ 20,395,846

Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the Authority are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position. These funds are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and agreements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 3. Accounts Receivable, Due to/from Other Governments, and Payables

Receivables, due to/from other governments and payables were composed of the following:

	2023	2022
Accounts receivable:	 	
Billed customer services	\$ 3,834,801	\$ 4,458,117
Unbilled customer services	3,050,862	2,329,864
Other	34,952	14,454
Less: Allowance for uncollectible	 (680,000)	 (680,000)
Total accounts receivable	\$ 6,240,615	\$ 6,122,435
Due from other governments:		
State grant	\$ 3,256,624	\$ -
County of Fairfax, Virginia	 199,606	 854,719
Total due from other governments	\$ 3,456,230	\$ 854,719
Accounts payable and accrued expenses:		
Accounts payable - vendors	\$ 16,495,553	\$ 13,830,313
Retainage payable	5,905,803	6,011,544
Other	22,070	9,445
Accrued expenses – payroll,		
payroll taxes, and other	 435,109	 329,312
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 22,858,535	\$ 20,180,614

(Continued)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 4. Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for FY23 were as follows:

	6/30/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 40,172,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,172,404
Construction in progress	287,343,853	114,433,664		401,777,517
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	327,516,257	114,433,664		441,949,921
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Plant and infrastructure	833,961,604	3,330,386	-	837,291,990
Plant equipment and office equipment	35,966,310	8,811,622		44,777,932
Total capital assets, being depreciated	869,927,914	12,142,008		882,069,922
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and infrastructure	(252,884,251)	(16,616,647)	-	(269,500,898)
Plant equipment and office equipment	(23,498,706)	(3,494,323)		(26,993,029)
Total accumulated depreciation	(276,382,957)	(20,110,970)		(296,493,927)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, ne	t 593,544,957	(7,968,962)		585,575,995
Capital assets, being amortized				
Capacity rights	41,515,762	-	-	41,515,762
I.T. Subscriptions		1,563,629		1,563,629
Total capital assets, being amortized	41,515,762	1,563,629	-	43,079,391
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Capacity rights	(12,892,155)	(1,044,245)	-	(13,936,400)
I.T. Subscriptions		(286,664)		(286,664)
Total accumulated amortization	(12,892,155)	(1,330,909)		(14,223,064)
Total capital assets, being amortized, net	28,623,607	232,720		28,856,327
Total capital assets	\$ 949,684,821	\$ 106,697,422	\$ -	\$ 1,056,382,243

I.T. Subscriptions

The Authority implemented GASB Statement Number 96 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This resulted in the Authority recording a I.T. subscription capital asset related to an enterprise license agreement for cloud storage, hosting and virtualization service. The authority paid the full amount during the fiscal year, therefore there is not corresponding I.T. subscription liability.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Changes in capital assets for FY22 were as follows:

Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 40,172,404 \$ - \$ 40,172,404 \$ - \$ 40,172,404 \$ - \$ 40,172,404 \$ - \$ 40,172,404 \$ - \$ 40,172,404 \$ - \$ 185,892,313 \$ 102,167,957 \$ (716,417) 287,343,853 \$ 287,345,853 \$ 287,345,853 \$ 287,345,853 \$ 287,345,853 \$ 283,361,604 \$ 287,341,604 \$ 287,341,404 \$ 287,341,404 \$ 287,4249 \$ 288,389,431,504 \$ 289,341,311 \$ 289,341,311 \$ 289,341,311 \$ 289,341,311 \$ 289,341,311 \$ 289,341,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 \$ 289,381,311 <th< th=""><th></th><th>6/30/2021</th><th>Additions</th><th>Reductions</th><th>6/30/2022</th></th<>		6/30/2021	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2022
Construction in progress 185,892,313 102,167,957 (716,417) 287,343,853 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 226,064,717 102,167,957 (716,417) 327,516,257 Capital assets, being depreciated Plant and infrastructure Plant equipment and office equipment 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 Plant equipment and office equipment 29,244,644 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net	Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 226,064,717 102,167,957 (716,417) 327,516,257 Capital assets, being depreciated Plant and infrastructure 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Land and improvements	\$ 40,172,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,172,404
being depreciated 226,064,717 102,167,957 (716,417) 327,516,257 Capital assets, being depreciated Plant and infrastructure 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 Plant equipment and office equipment 29,244,644 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being amortized 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Less accumulated amortization for: 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) -	Construction in progress	185,892,313	102,167,957	(716,417)	287,343,853
being depreciated 226,064,717 102,167,957 (716,417) 327,516,257 Capital assets, being depreciated Plant and infrastructure Plant and office equipment 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 Plant equipment and office equipment 29,244,644 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure Plant equipment and office equipment (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607					
Capital assets, being depreciated Plant and infrastructure 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Total capital assets, not				
Plant and infrastructure 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 Plant equipment and office equipment 29,244,644 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	being depreciated	226,064,717	102,167,957	(716,417)	327,516,257
Plant and infrastructure 833,213,277 2,594,249 (1,845,922) 833,961,604 Plant equipment and office equipment 29,244,644 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Conital assets being degree inted				
Plant equipment and office equipment 29,244,644 7,876,592 (1,154,926) 35,966,310 Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for:		000 040 077	0.504.040	(4.045.000)	022.004.004
Total capital assets, being depreciated 862,457,921 10,470,841 (3,000,848) 869,927,914 Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607		· ·		•	
Less accumulated depreciation for: (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant and infrastructure (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Plant equipment and office equipment (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Plant equipment and office equipment	29,244,644	7,876,592	(1,154,926)	35,966,310
Less accumulated depreciation for: (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant and infrastructure (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Plant equipment and office equipment (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Total capital assets, being depreciated	862 457 921	10 470 841	(3,000,848)	869 927 914
Plant and infrastructure (237,031,408) (16,400,010) 547,167 (252,884,251) Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	rotal depital assets, some depressated	002,431,321	10,410,041	(3,000,040)	000,021,014
Plant equipment and office equipment (21,412,761) (3,128,131) 1,042,186 (23,498,706) Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Capacity rights 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Total accumulated depreciation (258,444,169) (19,528,141) 1,589,353 (276,382,957) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Plant and infrastructure	(237,031,408)	(16,400,010)	547,167	(252,884,251)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Plant equipment and office equipment	(21,412,761)	(3,128,131)	1,042,186	(23,498,706)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 604,013,752 (9,057,300) (1,411,495) 593,544,957 Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607					
Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Total accumulated depreciation	(258,444,169)	(19,528,141)	1,589,353	(276,382,957)
Capital assets, being amortized Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Total capital accore hoing depreciated no	t 604 012 750	(0.057.200)	(1 / 11 / 05)	E02 E44 0E7
Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	rotal capital assets, being depreciated, he	1 604,013,752	(9,057,300)	(1,411,495)	<u>593,544,957</u>
Capacity rights 41,201,598 314,164 - 41,515,762 Less accumulated amortization for: Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Capital assets, being amortized				
Less accumulated amortization for: (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607		41,201,598	314,164	-	41,515,762
Capacity rights (11,848,565) (1,043,590) - (12,892,155) Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607			•		
Total capital assets, being amortized, net 29,353,033 (729,426) - 28,623,607	Less accumulated amortization for:				
	Capacity rights	(11,848,565)	(1,043,590)		(12,892,155)
<u> </u>					
Total capital assets <u>\$ 859,431,502</u> <u>\$ 92,381,231</u> <u>\$ (2,127,912)</u> <u>\$ 949,684,821</u>	Total capital assets, being amortized, net	29,353,033	(729,426)		28,623,607
Total capital assets <u>\$ 859,431,502</u> <u>\$ 92,381,231</u> <u>\$ (2,127,912)</u> <u>\$ 949,684,821</u>					
	Total capital assets	\$ 859,431,502	\$ 92,381,231	\$ (2,127,912)	\$ 949,684,821

County of Arlington, Virginia Purchased Capacity Rights

The Authority has entered into a service agreement with the County of Arlington, Virginia (Arlington), in which the Authority purchases capacity rights to use Arlington's wastewater treatment plant. These costs are capitalized as an intangible asset. Arlington holds title to the plant.

County of Fairfax, Virginia Capacity Rights

Under the terms of the Service Agreement with the County, the County reimburses the Authority for its share of capital costs related to joint-use facilities, which varies up to 60%. In exchange for these capital contributions as presented on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, the Authority is required to recognize and preserve an equivalent share of the capacity rights of the related facilities for the County's use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

County of Fairfax, Virginia Capacity Rights (Continued)

Currently, the County has a capacity entitlement of 32.4 MGD, which varies up to 60% of the facility's total capacity of 54 MGD. The County is required to share in operation and maintenance costs related to the joint-use facilities.

Note 5. Line of Credit

On February 25, 2020, the Authority entered into a new revolving credit agreement with Bank of America to provide the Authority with a \$30 million line of credit, which is used as interim financing for capital projects. The line is secured by a pledge of the Authority's net The Authority's obligation to repay advances under the line constitutes subordinated debt, pursuant to the Authority's Master Trust Indenture. Under the initial agreement, the variable interest rate on the line of credit was equal to the SIFMA Index plus 58 basis points. On June 29, 2022, the credit agreement was amended and restated to change the variable interest rate to either: 1) 80% of the one-month Term SOFR (no minimum) plus 42 basis points or in the event of a taxable draw, 2) 100% of the one-month Term SOFR plus 53 basis points. The agreement also requires the Authority to pay an unused fee of 0.15% per annum for any day on which less than 50% of the authorized \$30 million is outstanding. The rate was 4.66% and 1.19% at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The initial term of the line of credit was one year, with an expiration date of June 30, 2021. The Authority extended the line of credit to June 30, 2022 and then again to June 30, 2024, with the same terms but for the revised interest rate methodologies and fees described above. The line of credit was increased to \$60 million in fiscal year 2023. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, the Authority has drawn \$21,874,852 and \$13,874,852. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, the unused portion of the line credit was \$38,125,148 and \$16,125,148.

Note 6. Long-Term Debt

On March 15, 1999, the Authority executed a new Master Indenture of Trust for the purpose of issuing sewer revenue bonds from time-to-time. These bonds will provide funds to pay the cost, or any part of the cost, of the Sewage Disposal System additions or improvements or to refund indebtedness and obligations previously incurred for such purposes. The Authority has issued and sold sewer revenue bonds to the Virginia Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund and the Virginia Pooled Financing Program, acting by and through the Virginia Resources Authority (VRA). The Master Indenture of Trust constitutes a contract among the Authority, the Trustee and VRA governing bond issuance.

Sewer bonds and loans consist of the following:

Sewer revenue bond, Series 2000B, \$60,400,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; interest only payments due March 2002 and March 2005; semi-annual installments of approximately \$3,466,961, including principal and interest at 3.85% due through September 2022.

2023 2022 \$ - \$ 4,024,113

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	 2023	2022
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2004, \$22,000,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$712,206, including principal and interest beginning March 2006 at 3.10% due through September 2024.	\$ 2,115,429	\$ 3,508,232
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2006A, \$3,000,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$100,824, including principal and interest beginning in March 2006 at 3.10% due through September 2024.	299,473	496,646
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2006B, \$12,000,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$375,079 at 3.10% due through March 2027.	2,934,230	3,649,677
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2009, \$15,000,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$502,939, including principal and interest, beginning March 2011 at 3.55% due through September 2030.	5,820,491	6,651,069
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2011, \$8,115,767; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$260,604, including principal and interest, beginning March 2014 at 2.35% due through September 2033.	4,811,821	5,220,164
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2014A, \$12,500,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$389,136, including principal and interest, beginning March 2016 at 2.10% due through September 2035.	8,518,978	9,144,888

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	2023	2022
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2014B, \$2,500,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$73,712, including principal and interest, beginning March 2016 at 2.10% due through September 2035.	S 1,643,031	\$ 1,769,598
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2014C, \$19,515,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$399,833 to \$3,203,294, including principal and interest, beginning April 2015 at 3.63%, due through April 2039.	18,420,000	18,700,000
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2017A, \$23,000,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$395,774 to \$1,468,613, including principal and interest, beginning October 2017 at 3.60%, due through October 2045.	22,425,000	23,000,000
Sewer revenue bond, Series 2019, up to \$10,400,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$79,399 to \$1,121,530, including principal and interest, beginning March 2022 at 1.10%, due through March 2040. Balance represents draws to date.	4,781,504	4,881,504
Virginia water facilities revolving fund loan Series 2021, up to \$185,650,000; secured equally and ratably with other bond issues by pledge of revenues of the Authority; semi-annual installments of \$4,568,195, including principal and interest, beginning March 2023 at 1.35%, due through March 2048. Balance represents draws to date.	173,935,671	104,808,976
Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation (WIFIA), up to \$320,992,641; Semi-annual installments of interest to begin on 10/1/2025 at 1.88% and principal on October 1, 2026, due through October 1, 2059. Balance represents draws to date.	12,602,321	-
Plus unamortized premiums and discounts, net	2,427,195	2,564,213
<u>\$</u>	260,735,144	\$ 188,419,080

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize bond principal and related interest are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	<u> </u>		Interest		Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2048 2049-2053	\$ 8,446,435 13,461,173 10,464,591 10,727,145 10,595,021 55,756,916 54,879,092 49,406,973 36,954,345 3,014,070		\$	6,359,886 4,506,460 4,526,405 4,329,951 4,123,329 16,525,930 11,306,072 6,847,941 2,618,148 617,928	\$	14,806,321 17,967,633 14,990,996 15,057,096 14,718,350 72,282,846 66,185,164 56,254,914 39,572,493 3,631,998
2054-2058	3,414,468			318,827		3,733,295
2059-2060	 1,187,720			36,068		1,223,788
Total	\$ 258,307,949	-	\$	62,116,945	\$	320,424,894

The change in debt for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	6/30/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023	Due Within One Year
Sewer revenue bonds Plus deferred amounts:	\$185,854,867	\$81,729,016	\$ (9,275,934)	\$258,307,949	\$ 8,446,435
Net premium	2,564,213		(137,018)	2,427,195	137,018
Total	\$188,419,080	\$81,729,016	\$ (9,412,952)	\$260,735,144	\$ 8,583,453
	6/30/2021	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2022	Due Within One Year
Sewer revenue bonds Plus deferred amounts:	6/30/2021 \$111,099,560	Additions \$85,835,854	Reductions \$ (11,080,547)		
	· ·				One Year

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The VRS Authority Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. All full-time, salaried, permanent employees of the Authority are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the VRS along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan is as follows:

<u>Plan 1</u> – Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.

- **Hybrid Opt-In Election** Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.
- Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5.00% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payments.
- Service Credit Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit
 for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit
 for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member
 was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine
 their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may
 count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer
 offers the health insurance credit.
- Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a
 future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five
 years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify
 for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members
 also must be vested to receive a full refund of the employer's contribution account
 balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100%
 vested in the contributions that they make.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1 (Continued)

- Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier, and total service credit at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.
- Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- **Service Retirement Multiplier** The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.
- Normal Retirement Age Age 65.
- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit.
- Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3.00% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4.00%) up to a maximum COLA of 5.00%.
 - Eligibility For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.
 - Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:
 - The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
 - The member retires on disability.
 - The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.
 - The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
 - The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1 (Continued)

- Disability Coverage For members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.
- Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from
 previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave
 or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts
 towards vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active
 members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to
 purchase periods of leave without pay.

<u>Plan 2</u> – Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

- Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an ORP and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.
- Retirement Contributions Same as Plan 1.
- Service Credit Same as Plan 1.
- Vesting Same as Plan 1.
- Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.
- Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.
- Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.
- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Normal Social Security retirement age
 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service
 equal 90.
- Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 2 (Continued)

- **COLA in Retirement** The COLA matches the first 2.00% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2.00%), for a maximum COLA of 3.00%.
 - o Eligibility Same as Plan 1.
 - Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as Plan 1.
- Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.
- Disability Coverage Same as Plan 1 except that the retirement multiplier is 1.65%.

Hybrid Retirement Plan – The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

- Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes Political Subdivision employees; members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
- Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include Political Subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an ORP must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable), or ORP.
- Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan.
- Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

<u>Hybrid Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

Service Credit –

- Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It may also count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
- Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting –

- Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.
- Defined Contribution Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required, except as governed by law.

Calculating the Benefit –

- Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.
- Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
- Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2 for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Hybrid Retirement Plan (Continued)

- Normal Retirement Age
 - Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.
 - Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
- Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
 - Defined Benefit Component: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.
 - Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving, subject to restrictions.
- Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility
 - O **Defined Benefit Component:** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
 - Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
- COLA in Retirement
 - o **Defined Benefit Component:** Same as Plan 2.
 - Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.
 - o **Eligibility:** Same as Plan 1 and 2.
 - Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and 2.
- Disability Coverage Employees of Political Subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for nonwork-related disability benefits.
- Purchase of Prior Service
 - Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:
 - Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
 - Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	107
Inactive members: Vested inactive members Non-vested inactive members Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	19 65 14
Total inactive members	98
Active members	98
Total covered employees	303

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to Political Subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Authority's contractually required contribution rate for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 8.19% of covered employee compensation, respectively. This rate was based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Authority were \$823,808 and \$526,440 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Authority's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

General Employees - Salary 3.50 – 5.35% increases, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates: General Employees – Update to PUB2010 sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate which was changed on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as, a result of the experience study, are as follows:

General Employees - Others (Non-10 Largest): Updated mortality tables. Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; change final retirement age. Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
		_	
Public Equity	34.00 %	5.71 %	1.94 %
Fixed Income	15.00 %	2.04 %	0.31 %
Credit Strategies	14.00 %	4.78 %	0.67 %
Real Assets	14.00 %	4.47 %	0.63 %
Private Equity	14.00 %	9.73 %	1.36 %
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00 %	3.73 %	0.22 %
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00 %	6.55 %	0.20 %
Total	100.00 %		5.33 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
* Expected arithmet	ic nominal return		7.83 %

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions, political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2022, on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	<u>\$</u>	55,113,648	\$	54,106,714	\$	1,006,934
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		504,939		-		504,939
Interest		3,635,978		-		3,635,978
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		146,236		-		146,236
Contributions - employer		-		440,335		(440,335)
Contributions - employee		-		363,555		(363,555)
Net investment income		-		(7,277)		7,277
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,504,503)		(3,504,503)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(34,388)		34,388
Other changes		-		1,207		(1,207)
Net changes		782,650		(2,741,071)		3,523,721
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	55,896,298	\$	51,365,643	\$	4,530,655

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2022

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	52,107,776	\$	44,816,817	\$	7,290,959
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		617,494		-		617,494
Interest		3,399,852		-		3,399,852
Change of assumptions		2,178,055		-		2,178,055
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		289,659		-		289,659
Contributions - employer		-		440,276		(440,276)
Contributions - employee		-		391,153		(391,153)
Net investment income		-		11,968,102		(11,968,102)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,479,188)		(3,479,188)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(31,556)		31,556
Other changes		-		1,110		(1,110)
Net changes		3,005,872		9,289,897		(6,284,025)
Balances at June 30, 2022	<u>\$</u>	55,113,648	\$	54,106,714	\$	1,006,934

Sensitivity of the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Authority using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Authority's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount Rate (6.75%)		1.00% Increase (7.75%)	
Authority's net pension Liability (Asset) at 6/30/2023	\$ 10,817,529	\$	4,530,655	\$	(706,010)	
Authority's net pension Liability (Asset) at 6/30/2022	\$ 7,474,261	\$	1,006,934	\$ (4,417,760)	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$482,741. At June 30, 2023, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	115,038	\$	-
Change in assumptions		284,095		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	1,	670,498
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		823,808		
Total	\$	1,222,941	\$ 1,	,670,498

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority recognized negative pension expense of \$159,636. At June 30, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 163,750	\$ 240,167	
Change in assumptions	1,231,075	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	5,907,308	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	526,440		
Total	\$ 1,921,265	\$ 6,147,475	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

The \$823,808 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Authority's contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Addition/ (Reduction) to Pension Expense
2024	\$ (239,309)
2025	\$ (652, 269)
2026	\$ (1,093,229)
2027	\$ 713,442

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). A copy of the 2023 VRS ACFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, approximately \$97,000 and \$72,000 was payable to the System for the legally required contributions related to the June 2023 and 2022 payroll, respectively.

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Authority provides limited post-retirement benefits, such as health, dental and vision insurance to retirees who have five or more years of service with the Authority through an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The Authority pays 25% of medical insurance costs of retirees with five or more years of service. The remaining amounts of insurance premiums are paid by the retiree. Prior to fiscal 2014, the Authority also provided a post-retirement life insurance benefit to retirees. The Authority has discontinued its post-retirement life insurance coverage for retirees.

The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

As of January 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive members and dependent spouses currently receiving benefits

Active members

22

101

123

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The valuation results are based on a discount rate of 6.5%, an annual payroll growth rate of 3.0%, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.0% initially, decreasing annually to a rate of 3.9%. An inflation rate of 2.5% is used in the assumptions. The unfunded liability is amortized over a closed period of 24 years at a level percentage of pay.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made for the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The components of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 were as follows.

Total OPEB Liability \$ 639,278

Plan fiduciary net position (1,110,103)

Net OPEB asset <u>\$ (470,825)</u>

Plan fiduciary net position as a Percentage of the total OPEB

Asset 173.65%

The components of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 were as follows.

Total OPEB Liability \$ 605,956

Plan fiduciary net position (1,032,992)

Net OPEB asset \$ (427,036)

Plan fiduciary net position as a

Percentage of the total OPEB

Asset 170.47%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) at June 30, 2023

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	605,956	\$	1,032,992	\$	(427,036)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		27,970		-		27,970	
Interest		39,428		-		39,428	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		-		-	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		21,462		-		21,462	
Benefit payments		(55,538)		(55,538)		-	
Employer contributions		-		55,538		(55,538)	
Net investment income		-		78,706		(78,706)	
Administrative expenses				(1,595)		1,595	
Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$	639,278	\$	1,110,103	\$	(470,825)	

Changes in Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) at June 30, 2022

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Plan OPEB Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)				Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	1,221,398	\$	1,139,810	\$	81,588		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		41,500		-		41,500		
Interest Effect of economic/demographic		80,274		-		80,274		
gains or losses		(489,333)		-		(489,333)		
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(191,150)		-		(191,150)		
Benefit payments		(56,733)		(56,733)		-		
Employer contributions		-		56,733		(56,733)		
Net investment income		-		(105,094)		105,094		
Administrative expenses		-		(1,724)		1,724		
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	605,956	\$	1,032,992	\$	(427,036)		

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Authority, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Authority's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate.

		1.00% Decrease (5.50%)		Current Discount Rate (6.50%)		1.00% Increase (7.50%)	
June 30, 2023	\$	(423,817)	\$	(470,825)	\$	(512,523)	
June 30, 2022	\$	(383,265)	\$	(427,036)	\$	(466,073)	

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Authority, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the Authority's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

	 1.00% Decrease		Current Trend	1.00% Increase		
June 30, 2023	\$ (530,964)	\$	(470,825)	\$	(400,216)	
June 30, 2022	\$ (478,228)	\$	(427,036)	\$	(367,318)	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Authority recognized OPEB Expense of (\$170,634) and (\$126,329), respectively. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority reported Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	ı	Deferred nflows of desources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	- 35,993 23,121	\$	636,305 268,413
Total	\$	59,114	\$	904,718

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the Authority reported Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ - 24,358 38,767	\$	774,918 316,194 -
Total	\$ 63,125	\$	1,091,112

Amounts currently reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows.

Year Ending June 30	Addition/ (Reduction) to OPEB Expense			
2024	\$ (176,789)			
2025	\$ (184,407)			
2026	\$ (105,051)			
2027	\$ (129,172)			
2028	\$ (93,589)			
Thereafter	\$ (156,596)			

OPEB Trust

During 2014, the Authority established a trust fund to fund the cost of OPEB. The trust fund was established by the Authority with the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund (Trust), sponsored by the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia Association of Counties, and overseen by a Board of Trustees. The Trust is established as an investment vehicle for participating employers to accumulate assets to fund OPEB Plan assets for purposes of GASB Statement No. 75 that are segregated and restricted in a trust, in which (a) contributions to the plan are irrevocable, (b) assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries, and (c) assets are legally protected from creditors of the employer or plan administrator, for the payment of benefits in accordance with terms of the plan.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Trust Fund Investments

Investment decisions for the fund's assets are made by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees established investment objectives, risk tolerance, and asset allocation policies in light of the investment policy, market and economic conditions, and generally prevailing prudent investment practices. The Board of Trustees also monitors the investments to ensure adherence to the adopted policies and guidelines. In addition, the Trustees review, monitor, and evaluate the performance of the investments and its investment advisors in light of available investment opportunities, market conditions, and publicly available indices for the generally accepted evaluation and measurement of such performance.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
US Core Fixed Income	20%	2.27%
US Large Caps	21%	5.64%
US Small Caps	10%	7.25%
Foreign Developed Equity	13%	6.90%
Emerging Markets Equity	5%	9.58%
Private Real Estate Property	15%	4.86%
Private Equity	10%	10.74%
Hedge FOF Strategic	6%	4.42%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return		6.50%

Concentrations – There are no investments in any one organization that represents 5% or more of the OPEB Trust's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return – For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 7.63% and (9.23%), respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

Additional investment information for the Trust can be obtained by writing to VML/VACo Finance Program, 8 East Canal Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 9. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the Authority is involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, such matters will not have a material effect upon the financial position of the Authority.

Note 11. New Accounting Standards

The GASB has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting—understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. The statement will become effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences. The statement will become effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Management has not yet evaluated the effects, if any, of adopting these standards.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 12. RiverRenew Program

Construction continued in FY23 on RiverRenew, AlexRenew's multi-year construction program to address combined sewer pollution from four outfalls in the older parts of the City. The program began in 2018 and is under a legislative deadline to be complete by July 1, 2025. The RiverRenew team met several major milestones during FY2023 including the launch of the tunnel boring machine, construction of over 4,000 feet of the Waterfront Tunnel, and the completion of shaft excavation. As of the end of FY2023, the tunnel project was 45% complete.

Funding for RiverRenew comes from a combination of grants, low-interest loans, and contributions from AlexRenew and Fairfax County. During FY23, AlexRenew finalized a \$90 million grant from the American Rescue Plan fund. AlexRenew will utilize this grant to offset a portion of the debt assumed through the Virginia Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund (VCWRLF) and Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) loan programs to fund RiverRenew. Two major loans were closed through these agencies in FY21 and are expected to be repaid through annual rate increases, including those implemented in previous fiscal years and upcoming in FY24 and FY25.

(Continued)

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		Plan	Year Ended June 3	0.	
Total Pension Liability	2022	2021	2020	2019*	2018
Service cost	\$ 504,939	\$ 617,494	\$ 615,974	\$ 604,713	\$ 592,542
Interest on total pension liability	3,635,978	3,399,852	3,412,612	3,395,405	3,340,976
Difference between expected and actual experience	146,236	289,659	(990,689)	(471,796)	(414,228)
Change in assumptions	-	2,178,055	-	1,368,221	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,504,503)	(3,479,188)	(2,974,673)	(2,715,552)	(2,767,926)
Net change in total pension liability	782,650	3,005,872	63,224	2,180,991	751,364
Total pension liability - beginning	55,113,648	52,107,776	52,044,552	49,863,561	49,112,197
Total pension liability - ending	55,896,298	55,113,648	52,107,776	52,044,552	49,863,561
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	440,335	440.276	554,765	518.600	711,111
Contributions - employee	363,555	391,153	432,353	361,031	460,389
Net investment income (loss)	(7,277)	11,968,102	871,091	2,926,176	3,175,320
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,504,503)	(3,479,188)	(2,974,673)	(2,715,552)	(2,767,926)
Administrative expenses	(34,388)	(31,556)	(30,738)	(30,275)	(28,184)
Other	1,207	1,110	(1,011)	(1,835)	(2,787)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(2,741,071)	9,289,897	(1,148,213)	1,058,145	1,547,923
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	54,106,714	44,816,817	45,965,030	44,906,885	43,358,962
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	51,365,643	54,106,714	44,816,817	45,965,030	44,906,885
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 4,530,655	\$ 1,006,934	\$ 7,290,959	\$ 6,079,522	\$ 4,956,676
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	92%	98%	86%	88%	90%
Covered payroll	\$ 8,426,734	\$ 8,691,744	\$ 8,641,869	\$ 8,504,134	\$ 9,260,472
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	54%	12%	84%	71%	54%
Total Pension Liability	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Service cost	\$ 643,808	\$ 682,527	\$ 771,341	\$ 757,878	
Interest on total pension liability	3,299,804	3,236,592	3,206,163	3,092,779	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(207,089)	(598,619)	(1,127,638)	-	
Change in assumptions	(485,329)	-	-	_	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,558,116)	(2,276,811)	(2,553,525)	(1,908,245)	
Net change in total pension liability	693,078	1,043,689	296,341	1,942,412	
Total pension liability - beginning	48,419,119	47,375,430	47,079,089	45,136,677	
Total pension liability - ending	49,112,197	48,419,119	47,375,430	47,079,089	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	697,581	893,151	915,790	852,928	
Contributions - employee	428,499	397,795	413,212	583,295	
Net investment income (loss)	4,804,505	681,557	1,789,373	5,462,840	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,558,116)	(2,276,811)	(2,553,525)	(1,908,245)	
Administrative expenses	(28,599)	(25,420)	(25,361)	(29,559)	
Other	(4,237)	(294)	(375)	288	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,339,633	(330,022)	539,114	4,961,547	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	40,019,329	40,349,351	39,810,237	34,848,690	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	43,358,962	40,019,329	40,349,351	39,810,237	
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 5,753,235	\$ 8,399,790	\$ 7,026,079	\$ 7,268,852	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	88%	83%	85%	85%	
Covered payroll	\$ 8,185,472	\$ 7,802,611	\$ 7,746,889	\$ 8,434,533	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	70%	108%	91%	86%	

 $^{{\}rm *The}\ {\rm Authority}\ {\rm changed}\ {\rm their}\ {\rm fiscal}\ {\rm year}\ {\rm end}\ {\rm in}\ {\rm 2019},\ {\rm therefore}\ {\rm only}\ {\rm 9}\ {\rm months}\ {\rm of}\ {\rm contributions}\ {\rm are}\ {\rm included}.$

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - e.g., plan year 2014 was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions in

				Relation to				Contributions as a
	Contra	actually Required	Cont	tractually Required	Contribution Deficiency	En	ployer's Covered	Percentage of Covered
Entity Year Ended	(Contribution		Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll		Payroll
6/30/2023	\$	872,808	\$	872,808	-	\$	10,063,463	8.67%
6/30/2022		542,682		542,682	-		8,426,734	6.44%
6/30/2021		515,855		515,855	-		8,691,744	5.93%
6/30/2020		629,286		629,286	-		8,641,869	7.28%
6/30/2019*		429,141		429,141	-		5,956,482	7.20%
9/30/2018		723,851		723,851	-		8,455,472	8.56%
9/30/2017		740,517		740,517	-		8,273,941	8.95%
9/30/2016		844,141		844,141	-		8,216,533	10.27%
9/30/2015		858,355		956,177	(97,822)		7,746,889	12.34%

^{*}The Authority changed their fiscal year end in 2019, therefore only 9 months of contributions are included.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OBEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Total OPEB Liability	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Service cost	\$ 27.970	\$ 41.500	\$ 34.988	\$ 41,295	\$ 29.417	\$ 36.657	\$ 53.055
Interest on total OPEB liability	39,428	80,274	76,907	88,689	78,720	102,653	129,354
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	-	(489,333)	-	(238,874)	-	(455,903)	-
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	21,462	(191,150)	-	(226,833)	51,628	-	-
Benefit payments	(55,538)	(56,733)	(76,165)	(79,996)	(81,481)	(90,513)	(92,542)
Net change in total OPEB liability	33,322	(615,442)	35,730	(415,719)	78,284	(407,106)	89,867
Total OPEB liability - beginning	605,956	1,221,398	1,185,668	1,601,387	1,523,103	1,930,209	1,840,342
Total OPEB liability - ending	639,278	605,956	1,221,398	1,185,668	1,601,387	1,523,103	1,930,209
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	55,538	56.733	76.165	79.996	81.481	90,513	156,091
Net investment income (loss)	78,706	(105,094)	263,714	26.068	8,884	74.315	80,776
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(55,538)	(56,733)	(76,165)	(79,996)	(81,481)	(90,513)	(123,090)
Administrative expenses	(1,595)	(1,724)	(1,494)	(1,448)	(1,541)	(2,279)	(2,059)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	77.111	(106,818)	262,220	24,620	7,343	72,036	111,718
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,032,992	1,139,810	877.590	852,970	845.627	773,591	661,873
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	1,110,103	1,032,992	1,139,810	877,590	852,970	845,627	773,591
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending	\$ (470,825)	\$ (427,036)	\$ 81,588	\$ 308,078	\$ 748,417	\$ 677,476	\$ 1,156,618
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	174%	170%	93%	74%	53%	56%	40%
Covered payroll	\$10,101,141	\$ 8,671,723	\$ 9,799,917	\$ 9,157,997	\$ 6,524,150	\$ 9,055,713	\$ 8,480,330
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-5%	-5%	1%	3%	11%	7%	14%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - OPEB TRUST

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense:

6/30/2023	7.63%
6/30/2022	-9.23%
6/30/2021	30.08%
6/30/2020	3.06%
6/30/2019	1.40%
9/30/2018	9.62%
9/30/2017	12.37%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

ALEXRENEW

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

	Actuarially Determined	Rela Act	butions in ation to uarially ermined	 ntribution eficiencv		Contributions as a Percentage of
Entity Year Ended	Contribution		ribution	Excess)	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
6/30/2023	\$ -	\$	55,538	\$ (55,538)	\$ 10,101,141	0.55%
6/30/2022	53,996		56,733	(2,737)	8,671,723	0.65%
6/30/2021	52,424		76,165	(23,741)	9,799,917	0.78%
6/30/2020	87,452		79,996	7,456	9,157,997	0.87%
6/30/2019	61,997		81,481	(19,484)	6,524,150	1.25%
9/30/2018	80,163		90,513	(10,350)	9,055,713	1.00%
9/30/2017	125,355		125,542	(187)	8,480,330	1.48%
9/30/2016	121,704		122,528	(824)	8,480,330	1.44%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Pension)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2021 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality
	tables. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020.
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for
	Plan 1; set separate rates based on
	experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at
	each year age and service through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 3. Changes of Assumptions (OPEB)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective January 1, 2022:

- Age-related claims costs assumptions were updated
- The healthcare trend assumptions were updated
- The retiree election assumption was decreased from 60% to 40%

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Statistical Section ALEXRENEW

Financial Trends

Financial trend information is intended to assist users in understanding how the Authority's net position has changed over time. The tables below disclose comparative financial data.

TABLE 1

Condensed Schedules of Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

				במפר ופון נופרפו ופמופ	9 8 8					
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Assets										
Current Assets	\$ 92,259,901	\$ 94,961,993	\$ 80,308,872	\$ 86,706,586	\$ 75,272,570	\$ 77,481,606	\$ 71,992,329	\$ 58,517,536	\$ 74,456,170	\$ 86,428,544
Non-current Assets	1,056,853,068	950,111,857	859,431,502	803,159,845	759,842,445	753,725,875	747,728,427	751,420,427	716,656,368	651,084,163
Deferred Outflows	2,062,618	2,812,957	3,083,994	2,478,029	1,623,327	1,924,167	3,009,750	2,193,183	2,332,861	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$1,151,175,587 \$1,047,886,807	\$1,151,175,587	\$1,047,886,807	\$ 942,824,368	\$ 892,344,460	\$836,738,342	\$833,131,648	\$822,730,506	\$812,131,146	\$ 793,445,399	\$ 737,512,707
Liabilities										1
Current Liabilities	\$ 58,122,179	58,122,179 \$ 46,584,796	\$ 59,757,917	\$ 40,073,665	\$ 20,797,672	\$ 19,854,654	\$ 18,400,831	\$ 34,860,034	\$ 41,395,712	\$ 41,743,756
Long-term Liabilities	256,939,427	180,321,438	110,228,829	98,965,456	106,654,528	112,799,800	127,027,777	111,329,090	121,578,497	106,414,204
Deferred Inflows	2,575,216	7,238,587	1,462,499	1,509,645	1,209,421	1,828,634	881,910	1,862,505	2,432,782	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows \$ 317,636,822	\$ \$ 317,636,822	\$ 234,144,821	\$171,449,245	\$ 140,548,766	\$128,661,621	\$ 134,483,088	\$ 146,310,518	\$ 148,051,629	\$ 165,406,991	\$ 148,157,960
Net Position										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 757,956,972	757,956,972 \$ 748,219,486	\$720,251,070	\$ 696,448,748	\$ 649,676,473	\$ 638,348,836	\$ 622,454,674	\$ 630,741,541	\$ 586,995,330	\$ 537,784,921
Restricted Net Position	5,700,812	15,485,546	27,458,588	25,615,612	26,355,198	21,357,370	29,705,073	13,652,933	11,629,933	16,799,469
Unrestricted Net Position	69,880,981	50,036,954	23,665,465	29,731,334	32,045,050	38,942,354	24,260,241	19,685,043	29,413,145	34,770,357
Total Net Position	\$ 833,538,765	\$ 813,741,986	\$771,375,123	\$ 751,795,694	\$708,076,721	\$ 698,648,560	\$676,419,988	\$664,079,517	\$ 628,038,408	\$ 589,354,747
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$1.151.175.587	\$1.151.175.587 \$1.047.886.807	\$ 942.824.368		\$892.344.460 \$836.738.342	\$ 833.131.648	\$822.730.506	\$812.131.146	\$ 793.445.399	\$737.512.707

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

Notes: (1)GASB statement No. 68 was adopted in fiscal year 2015.

Statistical Section ALEXRENEW

Financial Trends, continued

TABLE 2

Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019(2)	9/30/2018	9/30/2017(1)	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014(1)
Operating Revenues Waste Water Treatment										
Service Charges	\$ 65,906,813	\$ 61,607,739	\$ 56,476,273	\$ 54,508,401	\$ 36,227,274	\$ 49,974,184	\$ 48,971,156	\$ 47,139,072	\$ 47,773,073	\$ 48,560,009
Other	24,014	42,397	35,838	39,459	23,423	16,630	127,186	81,727	26,008	6,044
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 65,930,827	\$ 61,650,136	\$ 56,512,111	\$ 54,547,860	\$ 36,250,697	\$ 49,990,814	\$ 49,098,342	\$ 47,220,799	\$ 47,799,081	\$ 48,566,053
Non-operating Revenues										
Investment Income (loss)	\$ 757,913	\$ (723,051)	\$ 131,110	\$ 1,327,691	\$ 1,235,709	\$ 300,954	\$ 296,581	\$ 453,508	\$ 483,340	\$ 283,273
Federal grants	60,515	280,617	329,269	•		•				
Sale Of Property	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	1,000,000
Capital Contribution	12,712,874	34,300,630	21,196,644	39,576,761	7,848,140	18,636,519	9,119,146	26,671,809	38,870,682	52,160,997
Total Non-operating	\$ 13 531 302	\$ 33 858 196	\$ 21 657 023	\$ 40 904 452	\$ 9.083.849	\$ 18937 473	4 9415727	\$ 27 125 317	\$ 39.354.022	\$ 53 444 270
Total Revenues					4		Ľ			_
7				1						
ර Operating Expenses Personnel Services	\$ 14,210,244	\$ 12,022,176	\$ 12.808.339	\$ 12.934.864	\$ 7.584.511	\$ 10.599.487	\$ 11,607,302	\$ 10.885.117	\$ 11.915.152	\$ 12,464,250
I tilities		3.092.003								
General and Administration	6,639,220	5,141,279	4,683,009	4,668,318	2,767,358	3,954,272	4,416,947	4,803,327	5,023,878	4,594,881
Other	8,783,146	7,348,159	5,691,117	5,820,485	4,184,151	5,489,505	3,868,705	4,459,109	5,245,885	5,303,574
Total Operating										
Expenses	\$ 33,575,539	\$ 27,603,617	\$ 26,841,336	\$ 26,876,515	\$ 17,218,335	\$ 23,458,586	\$ 22,668,460	\$ 22,768,709	\$ 25,122,381	\$ 25,587,358
Non-operating Expenses										
Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 21,441,879	\$ 20,571,731	\$ 20,660,590	\$ 19,981,614	\$ 14,909,317	\$ 19,468,132	\$ 18,608,157	\$ 11,737,374	\$ 10,238,996	\$ 9,549,807
Interest/Other Expenses	4,647,932	4,966,121	11,087,779	4,875,210	3,778,733	4,566,892	4,896,981	3,798,924	3,896,859	3,272,198
Total Non-operating										
Expenses	\$ 26,089,811	\$ 25,537,852	\$ 31,748,369	\$ 24,856,824	\$ 18,688,050	\$ 24,035,024	\$ 23,505,138	\$ 15,536,298	\$ 14,135,855	\$ 12,822,005
Total Expenses	\$ 59,665,350	\$ 53,141,469	\$ 58,589,705	\$ 51,733,339	\$ 35,906,385	\$ 47,493,610	\$ 46,173,598	\$ 38,305,007	\$ 39,258,236	\$ 38,409,363
Change in Not Boeition	4 19 796 779	\$ 17 366 863	\$ 19 579 729	4 13 718 973	4 0.108 161	\$ 21 A3A 677	4 10 340 471	\$ 36 041 109	4 77 897 867	\$ 63 600 960
Change in rec rosition		44,300,000								
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	\$813.741.986	\$771.375.123	\$ 751.795.694	\$ 708.076.721	\$ 698.648.560	\$ 677.213.883	\$ 664.079.517	\$ 628.038.408	\$ 580.143.541	\$ 525.753.787
0										
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 833,538,765	\$813,741,986	\$ 771,375,123	\$ 751,795,694	\$ 708,076,721	\$ 698,648,560	\$676,419,988	\$ 664,079,517	\$ 628,038,408	\$ 589,354,747
Source: Alexandria Benew Enterprises										

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

Notes: (1) These totals are as previously reported. Prior period adjustments were required in 2014 and 2017 which modified these amounts.

⁽²⁾The Authority changed their fiscal year end in 2019, therefore, only 9 months of revenues and expenses are included.

Revenue Capacity Information

Revenue capacity information is provided to assist users in understanding the factors affecting the Authority's ability to generate sources of revenue. The Authority strives to cover operating and capital costs with user fees. User fees are set by the Board and are based upon the recommendation of a third-party rates analysis designed to recover the Authority's cost of service and capital cost. Rates modeling and analysis is conducted at least annually, and more frequently as required, to set new rates and charges or affirm the efficacious nature of existing rates. Rate modeling and analysis was completed in 2015 to establish new base charges effective on October 1, 2016 and October 1, 2017. These rates were in place through FP19, at which point AlexRenew began implementing gradual, annual rate adjustments, based on Board planning and guidance and on updated rates modeling that included the RiverRenew program and other projected capital needs at the facility. Rate adjustments were adopted by the Board to become effective July 1, 2019, July 1, 2020, July 1, 2021, July 1, 2022 and July 1, 2023. User fees are comprised of two components including a wastewater treatment charge and a fixed base charge.

The wastewater treatment charge is assessed to all customers based upon metered per gallon water usage, except that residential customers are assessed based upon a winter guarter average usage (per 1,000 gallons units). A residential customer, therefore, is billed at the greater of its winter quarter per gallon average usage or 4,000 gallons per month. Commercial customers are billed based on the actual amount of per gallon water usage. The base charge was assessed for the first time beginning on October 1, 2010, and is assessed as a fixed fee per month according to water meter size. The following table represents comparative user rate charges.

TABLE 3	His	torical User Cha (in dollars)	arge	6	
		,		Wastewater Treatment	
		Fiscal Year	Us	age Charge*	
		2023	\$	9.26	
		2022		8.69	
		2021		8.13	
		2020		7.63	
		2019		6.77	
		2018		6.77	
		2017		6.77	
		2016		6.77	
		2015		6.64	
		2014		6.51	
		FY 2023 Monthly		FY 2022 Monthly	
Base Charge		Wildlig		Wildlig	
Residential Customers	\$	13.14	Ф	12.34	
Residential Gustomers	Ψ	Water	Ψ	12.54	
		Meter Size		FY2023	FY2022
Commercial Customers	-	5/8"	\$	39.42	\$ 37.02
		3/4"		39.42	37.02
		1"		98.55	92.55
		1-1/2"		197.10	185.10
		2"		315.36	296.16
		3"		591.30	555.30
		4"		985.50	925.50
		6"		1,970.00	1,851.00
		8"		3,153.60	2,961.60
000 gallons of consumption					

^{*} Based on 1,000 gallons of consumption

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

TABLE 4

					Ten Princip Shown as P	Ten Principal Customers by Year Shown as Percentage of Revenue	ear							
Name	Туре	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
4921 SEMINARY RD (VA) OWNER LLC	Apartments	1.31%	1.45%	:	:	:	;	;	;	:	:	:	:	:
LYNBROOK APARTMENTS MARK CTR LLC	Apartments	0.67%	0.00%	;	:	:	;	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
SOUTHERN TOWERS	Apartments	;	:	1.26%	1.19%	1.38%	1.02%	1.06%	0.92%	1.18%	0.88%	1.13%	1.17%	1.01%
BROOKDALE APTS MARK CTR	Apartments	;	0.92%	0.80%	0.94%	1.09%	:	;	:	:	;	;	:	:
FOXCHASE	Apartments	0.52%	0.60%	0.54%	0.57%	0.64%	;	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
STONERIDGE APTS MARK CTR	Apartments	0.51%	0.55%	0.49%	0.53%	0.60%	:	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
PARKFAIRFAX	Apartments	0.53%	0.50%	0.48%	0.48%	0.51%	;	;	:	:	;	;	;	;
АКНА	Public	0.46%	0.47%	0.44%	0.39%	0.44%	;	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
140 S VAN DORN ST	Apartments	0.49%	0.48%	0.43%	0.46%	0.53%	:	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
WATERGATE AT LANDMARK	Condos	0.36%	0.42%	0.41%	0.49%	0.47%	0.38%	0.44%	0.49%	0.46%	0.52%	0.57%	0.53%	0.52%
UDR NEWPORT VILLAGE LLC	Condos	0.40%	:	0.34%	:	:	:	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
FPACP4 BLVE 2801 LLC	Apartments	;	0.37%	;	:	:	;	;	:	:	;	;	;	;
ERP	Apartments	0.32%	0.40%	0.37%	0.37%	:	;	;	:	:	;	;	:	;
	MG Usage	730,371	806,333	792,082	740,307	684,798	396,772	394,269	397,833	427,024	462,735	428,893	419,674	426,740
	Other Customer Usage	12,363,624	12,284,368	13,474,228	12,221,683	10,796,005	12,452,798	11,374,736	11,936,490	11,607,551	12,750,383	12,383,798	11,886,963	12,262,774
75	Total Usage	13,093,995	13,090,701	14,266,310	12,961,990	11,480,803	12,849,570	11,769,005	12,334,323	12,034,575	13,213,118	12,812,691	12,306,637	12,689,514
5	l													

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

Debt Capacity Information

Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding the Authority's debt burden and the ability to issue new debt. The ultimate guarantors of the Authority's debt are its customers.

TABLE 5

ALEXANDRIA RENEW ENTERPRISES

Outstanding Debt Per Customer

June 30, 2023

Fiscal Year	Ou	tstanding Debt	# of Customers	ding Debt per stomer
2023	\$	260,735,144	26,710	\$ 9,762
2022		188,419,080	26,767	7,039
2021		143,800,792	26,589	5,408
2020		111,372,579	26,671	4,176
2019		111,138,673	26,594	4,179
2018		116,385,765	26,681	4,362
2017		126,330,515	26,611	4,747
2016		121,783,683	26,440	4,606
2015		130,813,869	26,333	4,968
2014		113,299,242	26,848	4,220

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

TABLE 6

		Pledged Reve	nue Coverage*		
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Pledged revenue	\$ 65,930,827	\$ 61,650,136	\$ 56,512,111	\$ 54,547,860	\$ 36,250,697
Operating expenses	(33,575,539)	(27,603,617)	(26,841,336)	(26,876,515)	(17,218,335)
Net revenues	32,355,288	34,046,519	29,670,775	27,671,345	19,032,362
Principal and Interest Requirements	12,306,098	13,976,806	14,049,147	14,015,828	7,996,654
Debt coverage	2.63	2.44	2.11	1.97	2.38
	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Pledged revenue	\$ 49,990,814	\$ 49,098,342	\$ 47,220,799	\$ 47,799,081	\$ 48,566,053
Operating expenses	(23,458,587)	(22,570,403)	(22,697,959)	(25,104,967)	(25,587,358)
Net revenues	26,532,227	26,527,939	24,522,840	22,694,114	22,978,695
Principal and Interest Requirements	13,913,446	13,437,632	13,122,172	12,062,715	11,676,850
Debt coverage	1.91	1.97	1.87	1.88	1.97

^{*}AlexRenew's Master Indenture of Trust requires 1.1x coverage and its board adopted Financial Policy requires 1.5x coverage Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

Demographic and Economic Information

Demographic and economic information is intended to assist users in understanding the socio-economic environment in which the Authority operates.

TABLE 7

Demographic Statistics

June 30, 2023

Population

Calendar Year	Population	Calendar Year	Population
2010	139,966	2017	156,100
2011	140,100	2018	159,571
2012	140,800	2019	160,530
2013	142,000	2020	165,748
2014	144,000	2021	160,146
2015	147,650	2022	160,505
2016	150,500	2023	159,428

Source: Alexandria Department of Planning and Zonning, "General Population Characteristics"

TABLE 8

Population Indicators June 30, 2023

	Personal		
	Income	Pe	er Capita
Fiscal Year	(\$1000)		Income
2023	16,811,683	\$	100,017
2022	16,407,945		93,835
2021	16,429,218		91,990
2020	14,127,927		88,008
2019	13,455,505		87,319
2018	12,935,231		84,079
2017	12,692,748		82,683
2016	12,556,000		81,734
2015	12,183,000		79,480
2014	11,615,589		77,142

The BEA has revised these numbers.

Source: Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED)

Demographic and Economic Information, continued

TABLE 9

City of Alexandria Principal Employers Current Year (as of June 30, 2023 and Nine Years Ago)

		Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Current Year	Employees ⁽¹⁾	Employment ⁽²⁾	Nine Years Ago	Employees ⁽¹⁾	Employment ⁽²⁾
LARGEST PUBLIC EMPLOYERS			LARGEST PUBLIC EMPLOYERS		
U.S. Department of Homeland Defense	1,000 & over	3.82%	U.S Department of Defense	1,000 & over	8.38%
United States Patent and Trademark Office	1,000 & over	3.36%	U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	1,000 & over	7.10%
City of Alexandria	1,000 & over	0.78%	City of Alexandria	1,000 & over	2.30%
Alexandria City Public Schools	1,000 & over	0.70%	Alexandria Public Schools	1,000 & over	1.90%
National Science Foundation	1,000 & over	0.64%	WMATA	500-999	1.30%
WMATA	1,000 & over	0.46%	Northern Virginia Community College	500-999	0.70%
USDA Food and Nutrition Service	500-999	0.24%	U.S. Postal Service	500-999	0.60%
		10.00%			22.28%
LARGEST PRIVATE EMPLOYERS			LARGEST PRIVATE EMPLOYERS		
INOVA Health System	1,000 & over	3.93%	INOVA Alexandria Hospital	1,000 & over	1.80%
Institute for Defense Analysis	500 - 999	1.50%	American Building Maintenance Com	1,000 & over	1.20%
Woodbine Health Center	250-499	0.98%	Institute of Defense Analysis	500-999	0.80%
Society for Human Resource Management	250 - 499	0.97%	United Postal Service (UPS)	500-999	0.70%
Oblon	250 - 499	0.89%	Center for Naveal Analysis	500-999	0.60%
Kearney & Company	250 - 499	0.88%	Military Professional Resources	500-999	0.50%
Systems Planning & Analysis	250 - 499	0.87%	Grant Thornton LLP	500-999	0.50%
		10.02%			6.10%

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

TABLE 10

City of Alexandria Unemployment Rate
Last Ten Years

2023	2.1%
2022	2.4%
2021	3.8%
2020	8.3%
2019	1.9%
2018	2.1%
2017	2.9%
2016	2.9%
2015	3.5%
2014	4.6%

Source: U.S.Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Employment ranges are given to ensure confidentiality.

⁽²⁾ Percentages are based on the midpoint of employment range.

Operating Information

Operating information is intended to provide information about the Authority's operations.

TABLE 11

Number of FTEs Employees by Activity Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Process								
Chief, Deputy GMOM, Chief Oper, Process								
Analyst, O&M Specialist	2	4	6	5	6	2	6	3
Administrative/Executive Assistant	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Interceptors/Pump Stations/Chem Feed	5	6	8	8	8	8	9	9
Operating Shift D	0	0	0	0	5	5	6	4
Operating Shift B/BluRenew	8	4	6	6	4	5	6	5
Maintenance Manager, Supervisor & Facilities	4	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Thickening/Dewater/Prepast/Digestion	5	6	8	8	8	8	9	9
BRB's/Blowers/UV	5	6	6	5	6	6	6	7
Operating Shift C/BioRenew	9	7	6	6	5	5	5	4
Operating Shift A/Erenew	11	7	6	6	5	6	6	5
Reliability, Analyst, Planners/Schedulers	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Operating Shift E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Apprentices	11	13	12	15	10	3	10	10
Engineering								
Director Engr Planning	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Engineering	5	3	4	6	7	2	5	3
Program Manager	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Strategy & Policy								
Director	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
Quality Assurance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Laboratory	7	6	5	5	5	4	4	5
Sustainability/Regulatory	2	2	1	2	1	1	0	1
Administrative Assistant	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finance								
Chief Financial Officer	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Controller/Director Finance/Acctg Manager	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
Senior Accountant/Staff Accountant/Acctg		3	3	3	3	2	3	2
Administrative/Executive Assistant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Purchasing Manager, Buyer, Contracts, InvC	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3
Customer Service	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Human Resources								
Human Resources	5	3	2	2	2	1	2	2
Safety & Security	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1
Information Systems								
Information Systems, SCADA	8	8	6	3	4	3	3	3
•								
Administration								
Administration	3	2	4	3	2	2	2	2
Communications & RiverRenew	6	6	2	4	5	4	4	4
	115	104	99	104	102	83	100	100

Operating Information

TABLE 12

Number of Customers and Consumption

Fiscal Year	Customer Accounts	MG Treated	Fairfax MG Treated
6/30/2023	3 26,710	13,094	5,326
6/30/2022	26,767	13,090	6,204
6/30/2021	L 26,589	14,266	6,535
6/30/2020	26,671	12,962	6,008
6/30/2019	26,594	11,481	5,820
9/30/2018	3 26,681	12,850	6,671
9/30/2017	26,611	11,769	5,941
9/30/2016	26,440	12,334	5,960
9/30/2015	26,333	12,035	6,112
9/30/2014	26,848	13,213	6,698

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises

Note: The amount of wastewater treated includes flow generated by the City customers and portions of the County which is outside of the City. The amount of wastewater that flows outside the County is metered and included in Table 12 above.

Operating Information

TABLE 13

Wastewater Treatment Capacity and Infrastructure Assets Owned For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023

Wastewater treatment capacity:	Design Capacity	54 MGD (million gallons per day)
<u>Asset</u>		Capacity:
Four Mile Run Pump Station Slater's Lane Pump Station Potomac Yard Pump Station Mark Center	Pump Station Pump Station Pump Station Pump Station	Firm pumping capacity 9.4 MGD Firm pumping capacity .75 MGD Firm pumping capacity 9.5 MGD Firm pumping capacity 1.6 MGD
Bush Hill Service Chamber Jefferson at Carlyle Mills Service Chamber	Lift Station Lift Station	Firm pumping capacity .18 MGD Firm pumping capacity .525 MGD
Holmes Run Trunk Sewer	Gravity Sewer	Design Capacity varies from 71.5 MGD at Hooff's Run to 18.9 MGD at the City Limits
Commonwealth Interceptor	Gravity Sewer & Force Main	Design Capacity varies from 97.0 MGD at the WRRF to 13 MGD at the Potomac Yards Pump Station force main discharge.
Potomac Yard Trunk Sewer	Gravity Sewer	Design Capacity variesfrom 17MGD at the WRRF to 13 MGD at the Potomac Yards Pump Station force main discharge.
Potomac Interceptor	Gravity Sewer	Design Capacity varies from 18.7 MGD at the WRRF to 11.0 MGD at Pendleton St.

The City owns the collection system; Alexandria Renew Enterprises owns the intercepting sewer system, the pump stations and the treatment facility.

Source: Alexandria Renew Enterprises



1800 Limerick Street | Alexandria, VA 22314 alexrenew.com













1800 Limerick Street Alexandria, VA 22314 alexrenew.com Board of Directors
John Hill, Chair
James Beall, Vice Chair
Adriana Caldarelli, Sec'y-Treas
Mark Jinks
Rebecca Hammer

Chief Executive Officer

Justin Carl, PE

General Counsel McGuireWoods, LLP

October 2023

Monthly Report

This report represents a summary of AlexRenew's operational excellence, financial resilience, and public engagement and trust for October 2023.

1 Operational Excellence

1.1 Water Resource Recovery Facility (WRRF) Performance

Performance of AlexRenew's operations is reviewed and evaluated monthly to oversee operational excellence.

Precipitation for the month was 0.65 inches, which is below the historical average precipitation of 3.66 inches for the month.

Biosolids production was 2,248 wet tons. Biosolids were beneficially used through land application in the Virginia counties of King George, Louisa, and Frederick.

AlexRenew met all Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) effluent parameters for October 2023 as outlined in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1. Summary of VPDES Permit VA0025160 Effluent Parameters

	Average Flow	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand	Total Suspended Solids	Ammonia (as N)	Total Phosphorus	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Nitrogen	Total Nitrogen Load	Total Phosphorus Load
	MGD	Monthly Average (mg/L)	Monthly Average (mg/L)	Monthly Average (mg/L)	Monthly Average (mg/L)	Minimum (mg/L)	Annual Average (mg/L)	Year-to- Date (lb)	Year-to- Date (lb)
Permit	54.0	5.0	6.0	Seasonal (1)	0.18	6.0	3.0	493,381	29,603
Reported	31.4	ND	1.0	0.17	0.05	7.6	2.6	235,235	8,865

Notes: (1) Ammonia has seasonal limits – April - October: 1.0 mg/L

1.2 Capital Improvement Program

Specific projects within AlexRenew's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) are highlighted monthly to support operational excellence.

AlexRenew began temporary operations of the Innovation District Pump Station on October 30 under an agreement with the developer. Transfer of ownership is pending clearance of deeds pertaining to the property.

On October 17, AlexRenew received Statements of Qualifications for a Construction Manager At-Risk

to support the Solids Upgrade Program. Shortlisted respondents will be notified in November.

The Request for Qualifications for the Construction Manager At-Risk to support the Preliminary and Primary System Upgrade Program was issued on October 10. An information session and site tour were held on October 17. Statements of Qualification are due November 21. A Request for Proposals to support the design and construction management services associated with the PPSU Program will be issued on November 6.

In July 2023, the Board approved three Job Order Contracts (JOC) to support AlexRenew's ongoing construction and maintenance needs. Table 1.2 summarizes task orders issued or pending to the JOC contractors.

Table 1.2. Summary of JOC Task Orders

Task Order	Estimate
Gravity Thickener No. 3 Assessment and Cleaning	\$90,000
Gravity Thickener No. 3 Repair	\$275,000
Gravity Thickener 2 and 4 Repair	\$125,000
Four Mile Run Pumping Station Valve Modifications	\$480,000
Tertiary Settling Tank Valve Replacement	TBD
WRRF General Housekeeping	\$350,000
BRB Mixing System Improvements	TBD
Building A Flare System Repairs	TBD
Building 55 Thermal Oxidizer (Flare) Repairs	TBD
Centrate Tank Cleaning	\$100,000
Environmental Center Improvements	TBD
Innovation District Pumping Station On-call Services	TBD
Primary Sludge Pump Upgrades	TBD

1.3 RiverRenew

Updates on RiverRenew are outlined in the RiverRenew Dashboard, provided as Attachment A.

1.4 Safety

Since August 3, 2023, AlexRenew has logged 54,331 hours without a lost time accident.

2 Financial Resilience

Performance of AlexRenew's annual approved budget is reviewed and evaluated monthly to ensure overall organizational financial stability.

2.1 Revenues and Expenditures

Table 2.1 summarizes AlexRenew revenues and expenditures for this period. Major takeaways for this

period include:

- Wastewater Treatment Charge revenues (\$19.9 million) are trending slightly higher than projections due to usage;
- Operating and Maintenance expenditures are trending slightly below projections; and
- Total Expenditures (\$57.7 million) are currently trending lower than projections due to the timing of capital expenditures. This also impacts Debt Proceed revenues (\$28.6 million), since most current capital expenditures are funded through debt, which is also affected by the timing of requisitions.

Table 2.1. Revenues and Expenditures for this Period

Revenues and Expenditures	Total FY2024 Budget	FY2024 Spend-To-Date	% of Budget To- Date	% of FY2024 Completed	Total FY2024 Projected
Revenues					
Wastewater Treatment Charge	53,672,299	19,864,625	37	33	56,000,000
Fairfax Operating Expense Charge	12,796,021	4,265,340	33	33	12,500,000
Fairfax IRR* and Capital Contributions	36,419,800	4,951,771	14	33	22,000,000
Debt Proceeds and Other Sources	159,923,187	28,569,831	18	33	115,000,000
Total Revenues	262,811,307	57,651,567	22	33	205,500,000
Expenditures					
Operating and Maintenance	33,023,593	10,073,123	31	33	33,000,000
Parity Debt Service	16,448,494	4,786,432	29	33	14,100,000
IRR*	10,818,748	3,372,901	31	33	10,700,000
Capital	202,520,472	39,419,111	19	33	147,700,000
Total Expenditures	262,811,307	57,651,567	22	33	205,500,000

^{*}IRR: Improvement, Renewal, and Replacement

2.2. Delinquencies

Figure 2.2 illustrates active AlexRenew accounts 60 or more days delinquent and total delinquent dollar amount owed over the last three (3) years. Major takeaways for this period include:

- The number of accounts delinquent by more than 60 days increased from the previous period to 1,348 with a total dollar amount owed of \$1,295,832.
- Approximately 58 percent of the delinquency value is from residential accounts.
- Currently, 92 residential and 10 commercial accounts are on active payment plans.

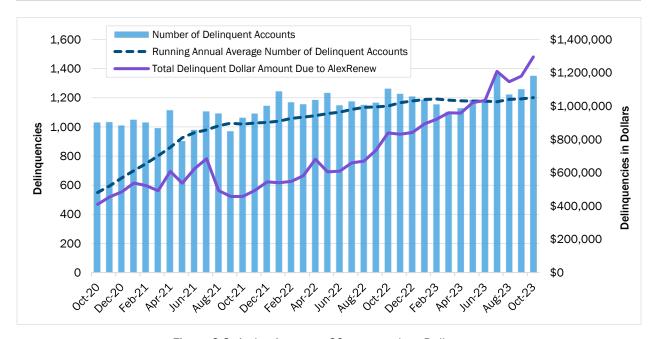


Figure 2.2. Active Accounts 60 or more days Delinquent

2.3 Board Financial Policy Status

The Master Indenture of Trust (Indenture) and Board Financial Policy require AlexRenew to maintain at least 120 days cash on hand. Additionally, the Indenture requires AlexRenew to maintain minimum debt service coverage of 1.1 times the parity debt service due in any fiscal year. The Board Financial Policy requires AlexRenew to maintain a higher minimum debt service coverage of at least 1.5 times. In both cases, AlexRenew currently exceeds its compliance standards as indicated in Tables 2.3a and 2.3b.

Table 2.3a. Cash Reserves

Item	FY2024 Budget	Actual (Nov 2022 - Oct 2023)	Percentage of Goal
Total Operating Cash	\$5,428,536	\$8,712,566	160%
Total General Reserve Sub-Fund Cash	\$5,428,536	\$5,428,536	100%
Total	\$10,857,072	\$14,141,102	130% (156 days)

Table 2.3b. Debt Service Coverage

Item	FY2024 Budget	Actual (Nov 2022 - Oct 2023)
Total Revenues	\$66,583,320	\$69,288,242
Less Operating Expenses	(\$33,023,593)	(\$32,429,168)
Net Revenue	\$33,559,727	\$36,859,074
Annual Debt Service	\$16,448,494	\$16,448,494
Calculated Coverage	2.04 times	2.24 times

2.4 Investments

PFM Investment Advisors manages approximately \$21 million of AlexRenew's \$25 million investment portfolio. The average yield to maturity as of September 30, 2023, is 2.26%, up 13 basis points from the previous month.

3 Public Engagement and Trust

AlexRenew shares a monthly summary of its community engagement and customer service statistics to highlight its contributions to public engagement and trust.

In October, AlexRenew hosted tours for the following people and organizations: Delegate Bennett-Parker and Chesapeake Bay Policy Commission.

AlexRenew welcomed a total of 295 visitors to the 6th floor of the Environmental Center from the following organizations in October: Alexandria Sheriff's Office (50), Association of Diversity Officers in K-12 (100), Alexandria Harmonizers (60), Campagna Center (15), and Alexandria Soccer Association (70).

AlexRenew began its transition to its new customer care system on October 31. Prior to launching the new platform, AlexRenew notified city officials, community partners, and customers about upcoming changes via emails, bill inserts, and social media.

In October, Customer Service received a total of 1,080 calls with 50 percent opting for self-service. The average answer time was 16 seconds. Call center staff answered 110 emails. Customer Service anticipates a significant increase in incoming calls throughout the month of November due to the rollout of the new customer service system. As of Nov. 7, over 1,150 customers had already registered for AlexRenew's new online customer portal.

On October 4, AlexRenew staff attended the City of Alexandria's King & Commonwealth Infrastructure Investments Open House at Alexandria VRE Union Station from 5:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. to discuss the Commonwealth Interceptor Infiltration and Inflow Study and answer questions from citizens and City officials.

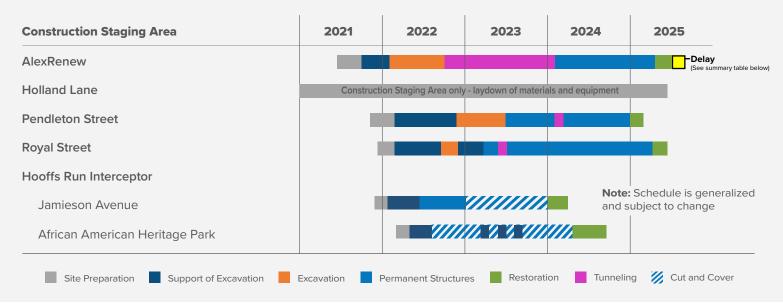
On October 20, AlexRenew staff attended the Alexandria Forum, entitled "The Waterfront Revisited - Birth and Rebirth, 1730-2023". There they discussed the collaboration with the City to install wayfinding signage as part of restoration efforts associated with the Hooffs Run Interceptor (part of RiverRenew).

RiverRenew Overview

To improve the waterways that connect us, AlexRenew is implementing RiverRenew to prevent millions of gallons of combined sewage from polluting Alexandria's local rivers and streams each year. Three RiverRenew projects at AlexRenew's wastewater treatment plant are complete. The remaining project includes the construction of a new tunnel to connect AlexRenew's wastewater treatment plant to the four existing combined sewer outfalls in Alexandria.

The Tunnel Project is illustrated on Page 4 of this dashboard. Construction associated with the Tunnel Project started in early 2021 and will continue through 2025 at five primary locations in Alexandria. The phases of construction at each location are illustrated in the schedule below.

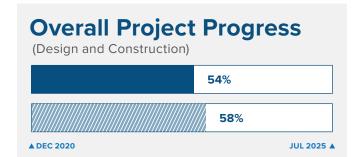
RiverRenew Tunnel Project Schedule



Summary of Major Tunnel Project Delays

Date:	Activity:
12/2021	Monitoring potential supply chain issues due to ongoing pandemic.
12/2021	COVID outbreak at tunnel segment mold plant in Slovenia. Manufacturing for tunnel segment molds relocated to Turkey. Anticipated one-month delay on tunnel segment molds.
1/2022	Concrete for shaft slurry walls delayed due to weather, COVID impacts, shortage of CDL drivers due to Omicron spike, and lack of concrete materials in the Greater Metro D.C. area. Monitoring schedule impacts to critical path.
2/2022	TBM fabrication and delivery delayed by three weeks. Monitoring schedule impacts to critical path.
4/2023	Due to the events in January and February 2022 (noted above), the Tunnel Project is currently 60 days behind schedule. The delay will primarily impact scheduled work at the AlexRenew site.
9/2023	Due to the delays noted above, the Tunnel Project is currently 90 days behind schedule. The delay will primarily impact scheduled work at the AlexRenew site.

RiverRenew Tunnel Project Design-Build Progress





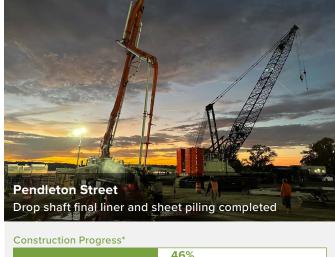
Construction Pro	gress*	
	25%	
(//////////////////////////////////////	25%	
		JUL 2024 ▲



Construction Progress*		
	73%	
		82%
		JAN 2024 ▲

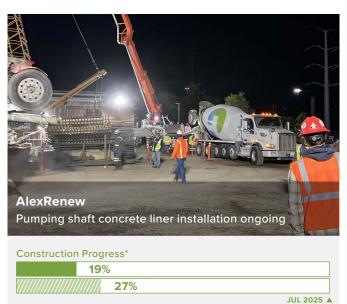
Actual Progress

LEGEND:



Construction Progress*		
	46%	
(//////////////////////////////////////	47%	
		NOV 2024 ▲







RiverRenew Tunnel Project Six-Month Look-Ahead

Work Hours

NORMAL WORK HOURS	
Pendleton Street	7 a.m. – 6 p.m.
Royal Street	7 a.m. – 6 p.m.
Hooffs Run	7 a.m. – 6 p.m.
AlexRenew	24/7

Community Outreach

Event	Date
2023-2024 RiverRenew SAG Meetings	Third Thursday of every other month
Council-Board Workgroup	Jan 24, 2024

Pendleton Street

Activity	Date
Permanent concrete structures construction	Ongoing through Winter 2023
Permanent concrete structures deep foundations (pile driving)	Intermittent through Summer 2024
PERMITS	
Permit	Date
Permit Building Permit - Permanent Concrete Structures Support of Excavation	Date Winter 2023

Hooffs Run

Activity	Date
North of Jamieson Ave	
Diversion chamber construction	Ongoing through Winter 2023
Junction chamber construction	Ongoing through Winter 2023
Open-cut construction	Ongoing through Winter 2023
African American Heritage Park	
Sheeting installation	Ongoing intermittently through Winter 2023
Open-cut construction	Ongoing through Winter 2023
Jamieson Avenue full closure	Ongoing through Jan 2024

Royal Street

MAJOR WORK ACTIVITIES	
Activity	Date
Permanent concrete structures deep foundations	Fall/Winter 2023

Permanent concrete structures construction

PERMITS

Permit	Date
Building Permit - Shaft Liner and Base Slab	Fall 2023
Building Permit - Mechanical, Electrical, and Plumbing	Fall 2023

AlexRenew

Activity Date Pumping shaft liner construction Ongoing through Fall 2023 Permanent concrete structures support of excavation Ongoing intermittently through Winter 2023 Permanent concrete structures construction Ongoing intermittently through 2024

Waterfront Tunnel

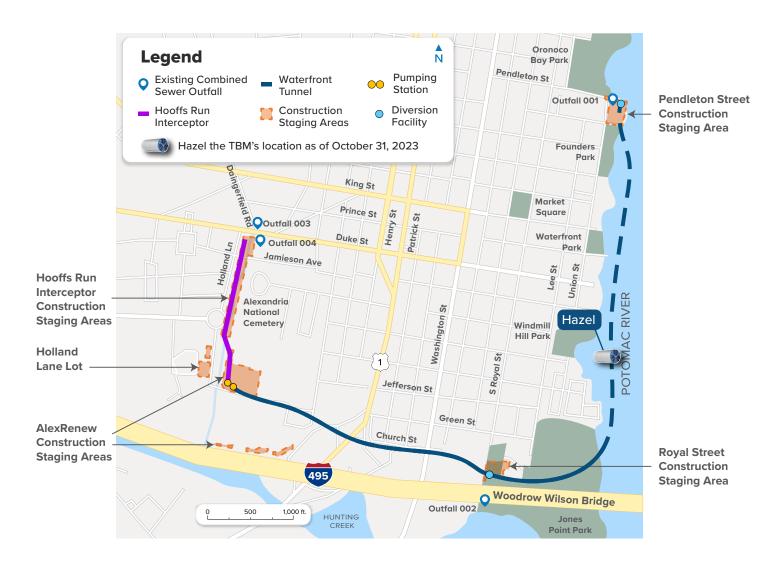
MAJOR WORK ACTIVITIES Activity Date Mining Ongoing through Feb 2024

PERMITS

Permit	Date
Building Permit - Superstructure Architectural	Dec 2023

RiverRenew Tunnel Project Snapshot

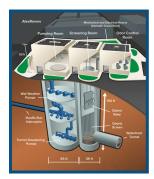
The Tunnel Project includes the following major components: a two-mile-long, 12-foot-wide, 100-foot-deep tunnel; a six-foot-wide sanitary sewer interceptor; diversion facilities to capture combined sewer discharges; and two pumping stations.





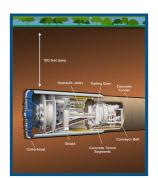
Hooffs Run Interceptor

Click **here** to learn more about upcoming activity at our Hooffs Run site.



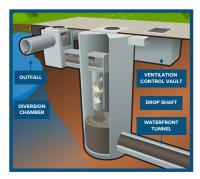
Pumping Station

Click **here** to take a 3D tour of RiverRenew's future pumping station.



Waterfront Tunnel

Click **here** to watch an animated video about RiverRenew and learn how the Waterfront Tunnel will be constructed.

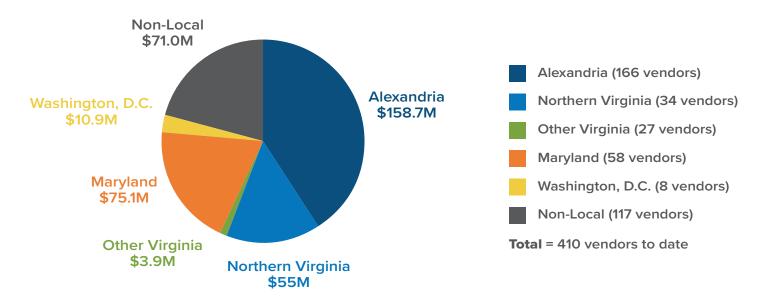


Diversion Facility

Click **here** for an introduction to diversion facilities from two RiverRenew engineers.

RiverRenew Program Costs to Date

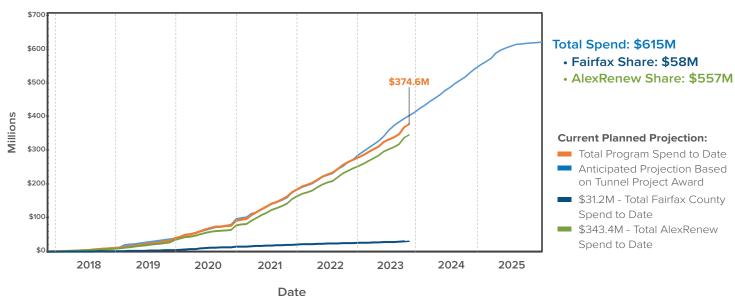
RiverRenew Spend to Date by Locality



RiverRenew Tunnel Project Contracts

Vendor	Role	Contract Type	Contract No.	Contract Date	Spent to Date (\$ millions)
Traylor-Shea Joint Venture	Design-Builder Tunnel System Project	Design-Build	19-079	Dec 2020	\$232.5
Brown and Caldwell	Owner's Advisor	Professional Services	17-022	Nov 2017	\$73.4
EPC	Resident Engineering & Inspection Tunnel System Project	Professional Services	20-013	Apr 2020	\$16.4
Completed RiverRenew Wastewater Projects to Pave the Way for the Tunnel Project				\$52.4	

RiverRenew Cash Flow Analysis



RiverRenew Community Outreach



Community Meetings

Community meetings are presentations given to various stakeholder groups, including the SAG. These presentations can be delivered in person or virtually.

Looking Ahead:

- 2023-2024 RiverRenew SAG Meeting No. 5: November 16, 2023
- 2023-2024 RiverRenew SAG Meeting No. 6: January 18, 2024



Community Events

Participating in or co-sponsoring **community events** strengthens AlexRenew's relationship with its water and community partners.

Looking Ahead:

- Sip 'n See event at Hooffs Run: Tuesdays between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m.
- Sip 'n See event at Royal Street: Wednesdays from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
- Sip 'n See event at Pendleton Street: Thursdays between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m.
- Community Listening Sessions: Spring 2024



Community Days

Community days feature project-specific events to celebrate construction progress on the Tunnel Project and engage the community along the way.

Looking Ahead:

- Tunnel Completion Open House: Winter 2024
- Hooffs Run Planting Day: Spring 2024



Digital Programming

Digital programming keeps the community connected to RiverRenew with regular program updates on RiverRenew.com, content on AlexRenew's social media pages, and distribution of *The River Renewer*, a quarterly newsletter promoting updates and milestones to more than 600 contacts.

Highlights:

- Frequent Jamieson Avenue closure reminders shared via email newsletter and social media (see Page 7)
- Local Traffic Only on Jamieson Avenue Beginning the week of October 16
- Digital content supporting our weekly Sip 'n See events
- More behind-the-scenes photos from our construction sites



Council-Board Workgroup

The **Council-Board Workgroup** comprises two members from AlexRenew's Board of Directors and two members from the Alexandria City Council.

Highlights:

 Council-Board Workgroup Meeting No. 20: October 25, 2023

Looking Ahead:

 Council-Board Workgroup Meeting No. 21: January 24, 2024

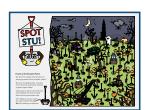


Education

Education initiatives are intended to engage audiences of all ages and help them learn more about RiverRenew and its technical components.

Highlights:

 Seasonal children's outreach, including an animated greeting and learning activity on Cloe's Corner





Coordinating with the community to support Hooffs Run Interceptor construction

RiverRenew crews have made significant progress on the Hooffs Run Interceptor in work areas to the north and south of Jamieson Avenue.

This month, work began to connect the interceptor between these two work areas. To make space for this essential activity, our crews initiated a full closure of Jamieson Avenue to all through traffic, although access to businesses remains uninterrupted.

The closure will allow the installation of the six-foot-diameter interceptor at depths up to 25 feet below the ground, all while ensuring the safety of vehicles, pedestrians, and bicyclists who will use City-approved detours until the anticipated reopening of Jamieson Avenue in January 2024.

For the latest updates, visit RiverRenew.com/construction/hooffs-run.

Building for the Future of Alexandria's Waterways

To learn more, visit www.RiverRenew.com









